

Begin Jan 30-1959

A81 (290)

NIGHT LEAD CONGRESS

MOSCOW, JAN 30 (AP)-MIKHAIL A. SUSLOV OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY'S PRESIDUM DECLARED TODAY CAPITALISM IS FINDING IT INCREASINGLY DIFFICULT TO STAY AFLOAT.

"IT WILL SINK UNDER THE WEIGHT OF ITS CRIMES AGAINST MANKIND, CEDING ITS PLACE TO A REALLY PROGRESSIVE SYSTEM--SOCIALISM," SUSLOV TOLD THE PARTY'S 21ST CONGRESS.

HE SAID DECISIONS OF THE CONGRESS, WHICH HAS DEVOTED MOST OF THE WEEK TO ASPECTS OF PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S SEVEN-YEAR PLAN TO OUTSTRIP THE WEST IN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, WILL OPEN UP THE ERA OF THE BUILDING OF COMMUNISM.

LIKE KHRUSHCHEV, HOWEVER, HE SAID THE TRANSITION OF SOVIET SOCIETY FROM SOCIALISM TO THAT GOAL COULD NOT BE REALIZED UNTIL LONG AFTER COMPLETION OF THE KHRUSHCHEV PLAN IN 1965.

LEONID BREZHNEV, ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE PRESIDUM, TOLD THE CONGRESS THE DEVELOPMENT OF HEAVY INDUSTRY RETAINS PRIORITY HE SAID ONE TASK IS TO MODERNIZE THE SOVIET STEEL INDUSTRY, ESPECIALLY IN METAL ROLLING AND THE MANUFACTURE OF PIPES.

THE CONGRESS THEN SETTLED DOWN TO ROUTINE DISCUSSIONS. EVEN SUSLOV'S APPEARANCE FAILED TO PROVOKE MUCH EXCITEMENT, JUDGING BY THE SPEECHES MADE PUBLIC HERE. HE IS REGARDED AS A TOP PARTY THEORETICIAN.

KHRUSHCHEV, WHO OPENED THE FIRST DAY'S SESSION OF THE CONGRESS IN THE PRESIDING OFFICER'S CHAIR, TURNED THOSE DUTIES OVER TO OTHER PARTY STALWARTS AS THE CONGRESS WENT INTO ITS FOURTH DAY.

THERE IS STILL NO FIRM INDICATION WHEN THE CONGRESS WILL END. MANY TOP-LEVEL PARTY MEMBERS STILL MUST VOICE THEIR ENDORSEMENT OF KHRUSHCHEV'S PROGRAM. A CONSIDERABLE NUMBER OF DELEGATES FROM FOREIGN COMMUNIST PARTIES ALSO ARE STILL TO BE HEARD FROM.

ON THE BASIS OF PRESENT PROGRESS, THE SESSIONS ARE EXPECTED TO RUN WELL INTO NEXT WEEK, IF NOT BEYOND.

NO MEETINGS ARE SCHEDULED FOR SUNDAY, STILL A TRADITIONAL DAY OF REST IN THE SOVIET UNION. BUT DELEGATES AND VISITORS ALIKE PROBABLY WILL BE KEPT BUSY WITH ACTIVITIES OUTSIDE THE CONGRESS HALLS.

KM641PES

A42

(300)

BY A.I. GOLDBERG

MOSCOW, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE SOVIET PARTY CONGRESS WENT INTO ITS FOURTH DAY TODAY WITH TWO MORE KREMLIN VETERANS ADDED TO THE ANTIPARTY GROUP. MIKHAIL PERVUKHIN, FORMER AMBASSADOR TO COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY, AND MAXIM SABUROV, FORMER HIGH-RANKING ECONOMIC PLANNER, WERE THE LATEST UNDER FIRE.

AN ACCOUNT OF LENINGRAD PARTY CHIEF IVAN SPIRIDONOV'S SPEECH TO THE CONGRESS YESTERDAY, PUBLISHED IN THE PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA, LINKED PERVUKHIN AND SABUROV WITH THE FIVE MEN ALREADY REMOVED FROM HIGH PARTY AND GOVERNMENT POSTS FOR OPPOSING PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S POLICIES.

SPIRIDONOV KICKED OFF A CAMPAIGN YESTERDAY TO BRING THE ANTIPARTY GROUP BEFORE THE CONGRESS TO ANSWER FOR ITS ACTIONS. ACCORDING TO THE PUBLISHED TEXT OF HIS STATEMENT, HE SAID THAT PERVUKHIN AND SABUROV ALSO SHOULD BE CALLED BEFORE THE CONGRESS TO EXPLAIN THEIR ACTIONS.

THOSE CONDEMNED PREVIOUSLY WERE FORMER PREMIERS GEORGI MALENKOV AND NIKOLAI BULGANIN, FORMER FOREIGN MINISTERS N.M. MOLOTOV AND DIMITRI SHEPILOV, AND FORMER DEPUTY PREMIER LAZAR KAGANOVICH. THEY HAD BEEN TRANSFERRED TO MINOR POSTS AT VARIOUS POINTS IN THE SOVIET UNION AND, SO FAR AS IS KNOWN, HAVE NOT BEEN EXPELLED FROM THE PARTY.

30.24- 5997

PERVUKHIN IS A CANDIDATE MEMBER OF THE PARTY PRESIDUM AND SABUROV IS A MEMBER OF THE PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE. BOTH WERE AT THE OPENING SESSION OF THE CONGRESS TUESDAY, AND PRESUMABLY WERE PRESENT YESTERDAY FOR SPIRIDONOV'S ATTACK.

SPIRIDONOV NOTED THAT BULGANIN HAD CONFESSED HIS PARTY IN THE "TREASONABLE CONSPIRACY" TO THE PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE BUT SAID "A CANDIDATE MEMBER OF THE PRESIDUM (PERVUKHIN) AND A MEMBER OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE (SABUROV) HAVE KEPT SILENT ON THEIR ROLES."

"FOR HALF A YEAR THEY HAVE NOT TOLD THE PARTY THEY PLAYED IN THE GROUP," HE CONTINUED. "HOW ARE WE TO UNDERSTAND THIS SILENCE. WE DEMAND OF YOU TO ANSWER BEFORE THIS CONGRESS, THE FIRST SINCE THE GROUP CONSPIRACY WAS UNCOVERED."

MRS. EKATERINA FURTSEVA, THE ONLY WOMAN MEMBER OF THE PRESIDUM, ALSO WAS VITROLIC IN DESCRIBING THE ANTIPARTY GROUP. SHE SAID THEY WERE CONTEMPTIBLE POLITICOS.

PRAVDA'S PUBLICATION OF HER SPEECH SHOWED SHE ALSO:

1. ASSAILED YUGOSLAVIA'S ART AND CULTURE PROGRAM, CHARGING IT LACKS RELATIONSHIP WITH MARXIST-LENIN THEORY.
2. WARNED THAT BOURGEOIS CAPITALIST IDEAS REMAIN "SPRY AND VITAL" IN THE MINDS OF RUSSIANS AND MUST BE FOUGHT. THEY WILL NOT DIE BY THEMSELVES, SHE SAID.
3. LISTED NUMEROUS WEST EUROPEAN RADIO STATIONS, INCLUDING THE AMERICAN-MANNED RADIO FREE EUROPE, THAT SHE SAID CARRIED ON A CAMPAIGN OF SLANDER AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION. FEW CAN BE HEARD HERE REGULARLY.

MIKHAIL A. SUSLOV, A MEMBER OF THE RULING COMMUNIST PARTY PRESIDUM, ECHOED KHRUSHCHEV'S SENTIMENTS WITH REGARD TO THE TRANSITION OF SOVIET SOCIETY FROM SOCIALISM TO COMMUNISM.

LIKE KHRUSHCHEV, HE SAID THAT WOULD BE A LONG PROCESS, NOT TO BE REALIZED UNTIL LONG AFTER THE COMPLETION OF THE NEW SEVEN-YEAR PLAN. SUSLOV ALSO MENTIONED THE ANTIPARTY GROUP, BUT ONLY A FEW BRIEF LINES ON HIS REMARKS IN THIS RESPECT WERE MADE PUBLIC.

A PARADE OF OTHER SPEAKERS, INCLUDING REGIONAL SOVIET OFFICIALS AND REPRESENTATIVES OF FOREIGN COMMUNIST PARTIES, FOLLOWED SUSLOV TO THE ROSTRUM. LIKE THE OTHERS THEY ASSAILED THE UNITED STATES AND YUGOSLAVIA AND ENDORSED KHRUSHCHEV'S POLICIES.

HW1034AES

A47

AMS BUDGET

SOVIET CONGRESS INTERPRETIVE (340)

BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

AP FOREIGN NEWS ANALYST

NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV APPEARS TO HAVE HUMBLERED A KEY COMMUNIST PERSONALITY WHO MIGHT HAVE SPEARHEADED ANY REMAINING OPPOSITION TO THE SOVIET CHIEF'S ECONOMIC AND FOREIGN POLICIES.

MIKHAIL A. SUSLOV WENT DOWN THE LINE FOR KHRUSHCHEV'S POLICIES IN A SPEECH TO THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS. AND THE ORDER OF HIS APPEARANCE ON THE PROGRAM SEEMED TO DOWNGRADE HIM SUBSTANTIALLY.

SUSLOV, A MEMBER WITH KHRUSHCHEV OF THE RULING PARTY PRESIDUM, HAS BEEN CREDITED WITH RETAINING MUCH INFLUENCE IN PARTY RANKS. BUT AT THE FRIDAY CONGRESS SESSION, HE WAS JUST ANOTHER SPEAKER. PRECEDING HIM WAS AN OBSCURE FUNCTIONARY NAMED ANTON GAYEVOY. FOLLOWING HIM WAS A WORKER NAMED VLADIMIR GORBUNOV, A FITTER WHO WORKED ON CONSTRUCTION OF THE ATOMIC ICEBREAKER LENIN.

SUSLOV WAS CLOSE TO STALIN. AN INTERPRETER OF PARTY THEORY, HE APPEARED AMONG LEADING FIGURES AT IMPORTANT PARTY MEETINGS. HE HELPED LEAD THE RENEWED ATTACK ON PRESIDENT TITO OF YUGOSLAVIA WHEN THE LATTER DECLINED TO TIE THE MOSCOW LINE TO THE LETTER IN 1956. TITO HAS SINGLED OUT SUSLOV AS THE YUGOSLAV PARTY'S WORST ENEMY IN MOSCOW.

IN HIS CONGRESS SPEECH, SUSLOV JOINED THE CHORUS OF CONDEMNATION FOR THE ANTIPARTY GROUP KHRUSHCHEV OUSTED IN 1957. SUSLOV PLACED V. M. MOLOTOV AT THE HEAD OF THIS GROUP. SUSLOV AT ONE TIME WAS A STRONG SUPPORTER OF MOLOTOV'S STERNLY CONSERVATIVE VIEWS ON COMMUNIST POLICY. SUSLOV APPARENTLY HAD LITTLE CHOICE BUT TO FOLLOW KHRUSHCHEV'S LEAD OR BE SWEEPED OUT OF THE PRESIDUM WITH THE OTHERS WHO ATTEMPTED TO OPPOSE THE PARTY BOSS.

SUSLOV PROBABLY WILL REMAIN ON THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE AND ITS PRESIDUM SO LONG AS HE TOES THE LINE. HE HAS BEEN A MEMBER OF THE PARTY SECRETARIAT LONGER THAN ANY OTHER MEMBER OF THE HIERARCHY, INCLUDING KHRUSHCHEV HIMSELF. HE KNOWS HOW POLITICS MUST BE PLAYED IN THE KREMLIN.

WITH THE LAST WISPS OF OPPOSITION CLEARED AWAY, THERE REMAINS NO OBSTACLE TO PARADING THE ANTIPARTY GROUP--MOLOTOV, G. M. MALENKOV, N.A. BULGANIN, LAZAR KAGANOVICH, DMITRI SHEPILOV AND POSSIBLY OTHERS --BEFORE THE PARTY CONGRESS TO RECAP SINS KHRUSHCHEV SAYS THEY COMMITTED.

NO OBSTACLE, THAT IS, UNLESS IT IS THE BULL-HEADED STUBBORNNESS OF OLD BOLSHEVIKS MOLOTOV AND KAGANOVICH.

PD505PES

A17

PMS BUDGET

SOVIET INTERPRETIVE (320)

BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

AP FOREIGN NEWS ANALYST

NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV IS DOING A JOB OF WESTERN PROPAGANDA THAT THE WEST SEEMS UNABLE TO DO FOR ITSELF.

KHRUSHCHEV'S STATEMENTS TO THE 21ST SOVIET COMMUNIST CONGRESS SHOW FEAR AMONG LEADERS OF NATIONS HE HAS BEEN HOPING TO IMPRESS. HIS PROTESTS ABOUT THE PURITY OF SOVIET INTENTIONS TOWARD THE SOVEREIGNTIES OF OTHERS WILL GET A SKEPTICAL RECEPTION.

KHRUSHCHEV SOLEMNLY TOLD THE SOVIET COMMUNIST CONGRESS THAT THE U.S.S.R. "NEVER INTERFERES AND HAS NO INTENTION OF INTERFERING IN THE DOMESTIC AFFAIRS OF OTHER COUNTRIES." ONLY A FEW SENTENCES BEYOND THAT, HE OPENLY SCOLDED GAMAL ABDEL NASSER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC. NASSER WAS "WRONG" TO TAKE ACTION AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS IN SYRIA AND EGYPT.

SUCH KHRUSHCHEV PROTESTATIONS OF INNOCENCE MUST HAVE SOUNDED STRANGE, TOO, TO RUSSIA'S FINNISH NEIGHBORS. ONLY A SHORT TIME AGO MOSCOW SERIOUSLY MENACED FINLAND'S ECONOMY BY HALTING SOVIET-FINNISH TRADE -- BECAUSE FINLAND INSTALLED A CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT. RELATIONS DIDN'T IMPROVE UNTIL FINLAND GOT A GOVERNMENT THAT PROMISED TO GET ALONG WITH MOSCOW.

SOVIET AND CHINESE COMMUNISTS ARE CAUSING CONCERN IN ASIA, AND PARTICULARLY IN INDONESIA, WHERE PRESIDENT SUKARNO SEEMS TO BE BACKING AWAY CAUTIOUSLY FROM THE BEAR'S EMBRACE.

ASIANS ARE ALERT TO THE PRESSURE MOSCOW PLACED UPON YUGOSLAVIA'S TITO. THE YUGOSLAV PRESIDENT NOW IS WINDING UP AN EASTERN TRIP. HIS NEUTRALIST ATTITUDE HAS BEEN EQUATED IN INDONESIA AND ELSEWHERE IN SOUTH ASIA WITH THE "PANTJASILA" -- FIVE PRINCIPLES OF PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE WHICH REQUIRE STRICT NONINTERFERENCE IN ANOTHER'S AFFAIRS.

THE PANTJASILA ALSO ARE KNOWN AS THE "BANDUNG PRINCIPLES" ADOPTED BY AFRICAN AND ASIAN NATIONS AT BANDUNG, INDONESIA, IN 1955. RED CHINA AND THE U.S.S.R., BY THEIR PRESSURE ON TITO, ARE VIEWED BY MANY IN ASIA NOW AS VIOLATORS OF THOSE PRINCIPLES.

WHenever the communists have an opportunity to throw charges of interference and imperialism at the United States, there is a great propaganda hue and cry. Moscow makes the most of such situations. But when the shoe is on the other foot, western propaganda seems to take little advantage of it.

GC301AFS

B37 (Q) -17-

(130)

PRECEDENCE LONDON DAY TROOPS

MOSCOW, JAN. 30 (AP)--THE SOVIET UNION HAS PULLED 41,000 TROOPS OUT OF EAST GERMANY, 17,000 OUT OF HUNGARY AND HAS CUT ITS ARMED FORCES OVER-ALL BY 300,000, TASS ANNOUNCED TODAY.

THE REDUCTIONS WERE COMPLETED BEFORE JAN. 1 UNDER PLANS ANNOUNCED AT A MEETING OF THE SUPREME SOVIET (PARLIAMENT) IN DECEMBER OF 1957, THE NEWS AGENCY REPORTED.

TASS SAID MOST OF THE REDUCTIONS WERE MADE BY DISBANDING MILITARY UNITS INSIDE THE SOVIET UNION, WITH THE UNITS MOVED FROM HUNGARY AND EAST GERMANY ALSO BEING DISBANDED.

THE REDUCTIONS ARE IN ADDITION TO THE 1,840,000 CUT ANNOUNCED IN THE ARMED FORCES IN 1955-56, THE ANNOUNCEMENT SAID. IT ADDED THAT THE ACTION WAS TAKEN TO REDUCE INTERNATIONAL TENSION AND EXPRESSED HOPE OTHER NATIONS, ESPECIALLY THOSE IN THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION, WOULD DO THE SAME.

--DASH--

BRITISH OFFICIALS SAY THE GENERALLY ACCEPTED FIGURE FOR ALL THE SOVIET ARMED FORCES IS A LITTLE MORE THAN FOUR MILLION MEN.

SO THE REDUCTION IS A RELATIVELY MINOR ONE. WESTERN ESTIMATES ARE THAT THE SOVIET UNION STILL HAS 80,000 TROOPS IN HUNGARY AND ABOUT 360,000 IN EAST GERMANY.

LS624PES

B83 (Q) (200)

MOSCOW, JAN. 30 (AP)--ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN TODAY GAVE AN INSCRIBED GOLD WATCH TO THE SWEDISH PILOT WHO SAFELY LANDED A DISABLED FOUR-ENGINE TRANSPORT PLANE IN WHICH THE SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER WAS RETURNING JAN. 20 FROM A VISIT IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE RECIPIENT WAS SMILING CAPT. KARL SCHULTZBERG OF THE SCANDINAVIAN AIRLINES SYSTEM, WHO FLEW HERE TODAY AT MIKOYAN'S INVITATION. SCHULTZBERG, COMMANDING A REGULAR SAS FLIGHT ON A ROUND TRIP FROM STOCKHOLM TO MOSCOW, HAD ONLY 90 MINUTES ON THE GROUND AND WAS UNABLE TO ACCEPT MIKOYAN'S INVITATION TO VISIT THE KREMLIN AND RECEIVE THE GIFT.

THE RUSSIAN-MADE GOLD WATCH WHICH MIKOYAN'S SECRETARY HANDED TO SCHULTZBERG IN THE COCKPIT OF HIS PLANE WAS INSCRIBED: "TO A BRAVE PILOT, K. SCHULTZBERG, FROM A. MIKOYAN."

REPRESENTATIVES OF SWEDISH, DANISH AND NORWEGIAN EMBASSIES WAITED AT THE BOTTOM OF THE GANGWAY TO CONGRATULATE THE PILOT.

SCHULTZBERG THEN POSED ON THE GANGWAY DISPLAYING THE WATCH, WHICH HE SAID WAS A DEEPLY APPRECIATED GIFT FROM A GOOD PASSENGER.

HE SAID MIKOYAN WAS UNDISTURBED WHEN AN ENGINE FIRE AND THEN FAILURE OF A SECOND ENGINE FORCED THEM TO MAKE AN EMERGENCY LANDING AT THE U.S. ARGENTIA BASE IN NEWFOUNDLAND DURING A HEAVY SNOW STORM.

KA&HW1251PES

A74

WITH MOSCOW (160)

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, JAN. 30 (AP)--THE YUGOSLAV COMMUNIST PARTY TODAY SAID THE SOVIET PARTY IS TRYING TO BLACKEN PRESIDENT TITO'S REGIME FOR TWO REASONS:

1. YUGOSLAV WORKERS ARE BETTER OFF THAN ANY OTHERS IN THE COMMUNIST WORLD.

2. THE RUSSIANS DON'T WANT TO ADMIT THAT THEY ARE COPYING THE YUGOSLAVS IN GIVING MORE RIGHTS TO THEIR PEOPLE, DECENTRALIZING GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC OPERATIONS AND GIVING MORE INCENTIVES TO PRODUCERS.

A 12-COLUMN ARTICLE IN BORBA, THE YUGOSLAV COMMUNIST PARTY PAPER, REPLIED TO SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S CRITICISMS OF THE YUGOSLAV SYSTEM IN HIS SPEECH TUESDAY AT THE OPENING OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST

PARTY CONGRESS IN MOSCOW. THE YUGOSLAV PARTY IS THE ONLY COMMUNIST PARTY NOT REPRESENTED AT THE CONGRESS. ORGANIZERS OF THE ANTI-YUGOSLAV CAMPAIGN IN THE SOVIET BLOC, SAID BORBA, ARE FORCED "TO USE METHODS FOREIGN TO SOCIALISM, PERVERSIONS OF FACT AND OPEN FORGERIES," TO SLANDER YUGOSLAVIA IN THE EYES OF THEIR OWN PEOPLES IN ORDER TO HIDE THE FACT THAT YUGOSLAVIA'S EXAMPLE IS NOW IN A SMALLER DEGREE ACCEPTED IN OTHER COMMUNIST COUNTRIES.

AS842AES

A118

BELGRADE, JAN. 30 (AP)-A SPOKESMAN FOR THE YUGOSLAV GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY THAT IN THE PAST YEAR THE TRADE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SOVIET UNION AND YUGOSLAVIA WAS NOT FULFILLED AND BLAMED THE FAILURE ON THE SOVIET UNION.

DRAGO KUNC, SPEAKING FOR THE GOVERNMENT, SAID THAT FOR 1958 THE VOLUME OF TRADE WAS SUPPOSED TO REACH THE EQUIVALENT OF 130 MILLION DOLLARS. BUT, HE ADDED, THE VOLUME OF TRADE FORESEEN FOR THIS YEAR, 108 MILLION DOLLARS, IS BIGGER THAN THE AMOUNT ACTUALLY REACHED IN 1958.

HE DECLARED YUGOSLAVIA DID ALL IT COULD TO FULFILL THE TARGET VOLUME, THUS IMPLYING THAT THE SOVIETS ARE TO BE BLAMED FOR NON-FULFILLMENT.

P1021AES

B87 (Q) (Q) 170

LONDON, JAN. 30 (AP)-SIR DENIS RICKETT, LEADER OF THE BRITISH SIDE AT THIS MONTH'S NEGOTIATIONS WITH EGYPT, IS FLYING TO WASHINGTON TONIGHT FOR TALKS WITH WORLD BANK PRESIDENT EUGENE BLACK, THE TREASURY ANNOUNCED.

OFFICIALS SAID HE WILL DISCUSS WITH BLACK "MATTERS OF INTERPRETATION" OF THE AGREEMENT WHICH HE WORKED OUT WITH THE EGYPTIANS TO SETTLE CLAIMS ARISING FROM INVASION OF THE SUEZ AREA IN 1956.

THE AGREEMENT WAS INITIALED TWO WEEKS AGO BUT HAS NOT YET BEEN FORMALLY SIGNED. UNDER IT, EGYPT IS BELIEVED TO FIX COMPENSATION FOR BRITISH ASSETS SEIZED IN EGYPT. IN RETURN, THE BRITISH HAVE BEEN REPORTED READY TO UNBLOCK EGYPT'S STERLING BALANCES IN LONDON.

BLACK PLAYED AN IMPORTANT PART AS MEDIATOR IN THE LONGSTANDING FINANCIAL DISPUTE.

BRITISH PROPERTY SEIZED IN EGYPT HAS BEEN ESTIMATED AT 125 MILLION POUNDS (350 MILLION DOLLARS). INFORMED SOURCES HAVE REPORTED THE EGYPTIANS WERE OFFERING 27 1/2 MILLION POUNDS (77 MILLION DOLLARS) COMPENSATION.

THE BRITISH PRESS ASSOCIATION SAID THE INITIALED DOCUMENT HAS BEEN UNDER CLOSE SCRUTINY AT THE TREASURY SINCE RICKETT BROUGHT IT BACK FROM CAIRO. IT SAID THIS SCRUTINY "HAS REVEALED POINTS REQUIRING THE INTERPRETATION NOW SOUGHT."

HW110PFS

B96

(150)

LONDON, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT SAID TODAY IT STILL WANTS ALL-EUROPEAN FREE TRADE AND BELIEVES NEW TALKS COULD GET RID OF THE SNAGS AGAINST IT.

THIS WAS THE MAIN POINT OF A GOVERNMENT REPORT ON THE BREAKDOWN OF LAST YEAR'S PARIS TALKS AIMED AT A 17-NATION FREE TRADE AREA. THE REPORT WAS WRITTEN BY REGINALD MAULDING, BRITISH CHAIRMAN OF THE TALKS.

THE PARIS TALKS BROKE DOWN WHEN THE BRITISH REFUSED TO YIELD EXISTING PREFERENCE FOR COMMONWEALTH MARKETS AND PRODUCTS.

THE EUROPEANS CHARGED THAT THE BRITISH WANTED THE BEST OF BOTH WORLDS-- FREE COMPETITION IN EUROPE AND PROTECTION IN THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH.

30.24- 5999

MAULDING CRITICIZED THIS STANDPOINT. HE SAID THE EUROPEANS SAW ONLY BRITAIN'S BENEFITS FROM COMMONWEALTH PREFERENCE AND IGNORED ITS OBLIGATIONS.

MAULDING SAID COMMONWEALTH PREFERENCE HAD NEVER BEEN A BARRIER TO THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION, TO WHICH ALL 17 STATES AT THE PARIS TALKS BELONG. HE ADDED THE BRITISH DID NOT BELIEVE IT WOULD GIVE THEM AN UNFAIR EDGE IN COMPETITION.

HARMONIZATION AND COORDINATION OF INTERNAL ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL POLICIES WERE ANOTHER POINT ON WHICH THE PARIS TALKS FAILED, HE SAID.

"THE OUTSTANDING POINTS ARE INDEED OF CONSIDERABLE SIGNIFICANCE."

"BUT HER MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT DOES NOT BELIEVE THAT THEY ARE INCAPABLE OF SOLUTION BY FURTHER NEGOTIATION IN AN ATMOSPHERE OF COMMON DETERMINATION TO SUCCEED."

TU249PFS

A122 (480)

NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR

GENEVA, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES URGED TODAY THAT A TREATY BANNING ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN WEAPONS TESTS PERMIT NUCLEAR BLASTS FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES IN THE INTEREST OF MANKIND.

NUCLEAR DEVICES COULD BE FIRED TO DEEPEN HARBORS OR EXPLOIT OIL RESOURCES, FOR EXAMPLE. THERE WOULD BE INTERNATIONAL SUPERVISION TO PREVENT THE ATOMIC NATIONS FROM USING SUCH EXPLOSIONS TO GAIN MILITARY KNOWLEDGE.

U.S. AMBASSADOR JAMES J. WADSWORTH INTRODUCED THE PLAN AT THE THREE-POWER CONFERENCE WITH THE SUPPORT OF THE BRITISH. THE RUSSIANS SAID THEY WOULD STUDY IT CAREFULLY. IN ANY CASE, THEY SAID THEY WOULD DEMAND EAST-WEST PARITY ON THE NUMBER OF SUCH SOTS.

WADSWORTH TOLD NEWSMEN THE UNITED STATES BELIEVES MANKIND SHOULD REAP ALL THE FRUITS FROM THE PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

SUCH BLASTS ALSO COULD LEVEL MOUNTAINS, BUILD UP UNDERGROUND HEAT SOURCES TO PROVIDE ELECTRIC POWER AND OPEN UP VAST MINERAL RICHES OF THE EARTH NOW DIFFICULT FOR MEN TO REACH, HE SAID.

HE CITED AS ONE SPECIFIC EXAMPLE THE ATHABASKA TAR SANDS IN ALBERTA CANADA. THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA ARE STUDING PLANS TO SET OFF AN UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR BLAST THERE NEXT WINTER.

GEOLOGISTS ESTIMATE THAT AN AREA OF THESE SANDS ONE MILE SQUARE WOULD YIELD 100 MILLION BARRLES OF OIL, HE SAID.

UNDER THE AMERICAN PLAN, A SEVEN-NATION CONTROL COMMISSION TO BE SET UP IN THE TREATY WOULD EXERCISE SUPERVISION OVER PEACEFUL NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS. THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION WOULD BE MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION.

THE COMMISSION COULD NOT PREVENT A COUNTRY FROM SETTING OFF AN EXPLOSION ON THE GROUNDS IT MIGHT CONTAMINATE THE ATMOSPHERE. IT WAS ASSUMED THAT PRESSURE OF WORLD PUBLIC OPINION WOULD PREVENT ANY POWER FROM FIRING A DEVICE WITH HIGH RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT.

THE AMERICAN ARTICLE PROVIDES THAT A COUNTRY WISHING TO SET OFF A PEACEFUL BLAST MUST APPLY TO THE CONTROL COMMISSION FOUR MONTHS BEFORE THE SCHEDULED SHOT. IT MUST GIVE THE DATE, LOCATION, PURPOSE AND ESTIMATED YIELD OF THE EXPLOSION. THE COMMISSION WOULD GIVE ITS ANSWER TWO MONTHS BEFORE THE BLAST.

BEFORE THE TREATY WENT INTO OPERATION THE THREE ATOMIC POWERS WOULD PLACE ON INTERNATIONAL DEPOSIT VARIOUS NUCLEAR DEVICES TAKEN FROM EXISTING STOCKPILES. THEY WOULD BE OF TYPES PRESUMABLY ALREADY TESTED SO THAT NO MILITARY ADVANTAGE COULD BE DERIVED FROM USING THEM.

THE BOXES ON DEPOSIT WOULD BE KEPT UNDER CONSTANT SURVEILLANCE.

A COUNTRY WANTING TO FIRE A SHOT WITH A DEVICE DEVELOPED AFTER THE

TREATY IS SIGNED WOULD HAVE TO SUBMIT ITS DEVICE TO COMPLETE INSPECTION BY THE OTHER TWO ATOMIC POWERDK

THE COMMISSION COULD DECIDE THAT THE APPLYING COUNTRY HAD FAILED TO MEET ALL THE TREATY PROVISIONS AND ORDER THAT NATION NOT TO FIRE THE SHOT.

THE RUSSIAN DELEGATION RECALLED THAT ON CHRISTMAS SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO SAID: "THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT IS PREPARED TO AGREE TO A LIMITED NUMBER OF NUCLEAR TESTS FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES." BUT HE DEMANDED PARITY WITH THE WEST IN SUCH TESTS.

AT TODAY'S MEETING THE THREE DELEGATIONS AGREED TO SET UP A SCIENTIFIC WORKING PARTY TO STUDY TECHNICAL ASPECTS OF THE STAFFING OF CONTROL AS PROPOSED BY THE WEST.

WW/PD909PES

B50 (Q) (340)
BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

BERLIN, JAN. 30 (AP)-EAST GERMANY SAID TONIGHT IT IS READY TO RELEASE U.S. ARMY PILOT RICHARD MACKIN THROUGH AN ARRANGEMENT WITH THE RED CROSS.

KURT BLECHA, GOVERNMENT PRESS CHIEF, TOLD A REPORTER THHE 27-YEAR-OLD AMERICAN FROM WASHINGTON, D.C. COULD GO FREE IN AN AGREEMENT SIMILAR TO THAT WHICH RESULTED IN THE RELEASE OF NINE U.S. ARMY MEN LAST JULY.

AN AMERICAN RED CROSS SPOKESMAN, WHEN ADVISED IN WASHINGTON OF BLECHA'S COMMENTS, SAID "WE HAVE BEEN LOOKING FORWARD TO SUCH A DEVELOPMENT AND HOPING IT WOULD OCCUR."

THE NINE ARMY MEN, WHO WERE HELD FOR NINE WEEKS AFTER THEIR HELICOPTER STRAYED INTO EAST GERMANY, WERE SET FREE IN AN ACCORD BETWEEN THE EAST GERMAN RED CROSS AND THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.

MACKIN PARACHUTED INTO EAST GERMANY DEC. 3 AFTER HE GOT LOST WHILE FLYING NEAR THE WEST GERMAN BORDER AND HIS SMALL PLANE RAN OUT OF GAS.

THE UNITED STATES HAS REFUSED TO DEAL WITH THE EAST GERMANS AND INSISTED RUSSIA WAS OBLIGATED UNDER FOUR-POWER AGREEMENTS TO ARRANGE MACKIN'S RELEASE. THE RUSSIANS SAY THAT THE CASE IS A MATTER FOR THE EAST GERMANS.

THE PRESS OFFICE OF EAST GERMAN PREMIER OTTO GROTEWOHL WAS ASKED TWO DAYS AGO IF THE EAST GERMANS WERE PREPARED TO SETTLE THE MACKIN CASE IN THE SAME WAY AS THE HELICOPTER CASE. THE ANSWER CAME TONIGHT:

"IF THE OFFICIAL AMERICAN AUTHORITIES INTEND TO CHOOSE SUCH A WAY IN THIS CASE, I THINK THAT NO OBJECTIONS WOULD BE RAISED. . .

"IT IS MY OPINION," BLECHA ADDED, "THAT MACKIN COULD HAVE SPENT CHRISTMAS WITH HIS FAMILY IF THE AMERICAN AUTHORITIES HAD SHOWN INTEREST IN SETTLING THIS CASE."

BLECHA MADE NO REFERENCE TO AMERICAN EFFORTS TO OBTAIN MACKIN'S RELEASE THROUGH SOVIET ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN EAST GERMANY.

THE EAST GERMAN PRESS CHIEF SAID HE WAS NOT PREPARED TO SAY IF A RED CROSS ARRANGEMENT COULD BE WORKED OUT TO OBTAIN THE RELEASE OF THREE OTHER AMERICAN SOLDIERS HELD IN EAST GERMANY. THEY DISAPPEARED IN BERLIN DURING NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER. THEY ARE PVT. ELWYN BELL, HILL CITY, KAN., SPECIALIST KENNETH G. CARLSON, SAN LEANDRO, CALIF., AND PVT. JAMES W. HAYES, BALTIMORE.

ALL FOUR PRISONERS SHOULD BE GETTING THEIR FIRST MAIL FROM HOME SOON, THE AMERICAN RED CROSS SAID EARLIER TODAY.

JB740PES

AU3 (280)

ATHENS, GREECE, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE GREEK PARLIAMENT TODAY APPROVED A BILL QUASHING CHARGES AGAINST GERMAN WAR CRIMINALS. SOME 850 OF THEM WERE UNDER INDICTMENT BUT THEY ARE IN GERMANY.

THE BILL WAS PASSED 113-63 AFTER A STORMY NIGHT-LONG DEBATE. IT WILL NOT AFFECT THE PENDING TRIAL OF A GERMAN BEING HELD HERE.

FOREIGN MINISTER EVANGHELOS AVEROFF-TOSSIZZA SAID RELATIONS BETWEEN GREECE AND WEST GERMANY HAD DEVELOPED IN SUCH A MANNER SINCE THE WORLD WAR II OCCUPATION THAT IT WAS "IMPERATIVE FOR US TO REMOVE EVERY OBSTACLE TO FURTHER IMPROVEMENT." BOTH NATIONS ARE MEMBERS OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE.

"PRESENT-DAY GERMANY IS NO LONGER NAZI GERMANY BUT A COUNTRY WITH A NEW PHILOSOPHY," AVEROFF-TOSSIZZA SAID. "HER EMINENT DEMOCRATS HAVE SHOWN BY WORD AND DEED THAT THEY HAVE SEVERELY PUNISHED ALL WAR CRIMINALS."

THE SPOKESMAN OF THE COMMUNIST-LINE UNITED DEMOCRATIC LEFT (EDA) PARTY, VASSILIS BRAKATSOULAS, OPPOSED THE BILL.

HE SAID DURING THE OCCUPATION THE GERMANS HAD SEIZED AND TAKEN TO GERMANY 56,761 JEWS AND 30,000 GREEKS, HAD KILLED 105,000 HOSTAGES, LEFT 1,200,000 PERSONS HOMELESS, BURNED 1,770 VILLAGES, AND DESTROYED 401,000 HOMES, EVERY BRIDGE AND THE ENTIRE TELEPHONE NETWORK, 90 PER CENT OF ROLLING STOCK, 75 PER CENT OF THE MERCHANT MARINE, 56 PER CENT OF THE ROADS AND 25 PER CENT OF FORESTS.

DEPUTY PREMIER PANAYOTIS KANELLOPOULOS REPLIED THAT "UNDER THE BILL, SINS ARE NOT FORGIVEN AND RIGHTS OF COMPENSATION FOR THE VICTIMS' FAMILIES ARE NOT FORSAKEN."

THE BILL WILL BECOME LAW WHEN IT IS PUBLISHED IN THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE IN A FEW DAYS.

THE GERMAN BEING HELD IN ATHENS IS MAX MERTEN, THE OCCUPATION PROVOST MARSHAL, WHO IS CHARGED WITH RESPONSIBILITY FOR MASS EXECUTIONS OF JEWS AND GREEKS IN SALONIKA. HE IS SCHEDULED TO GO ON TRIAL BEFORE A SPECIAL MILITARY TRIBUNAL FEB. 11.

EJ711AES

A67

CAIRO, JAN. 30 (AP)-EGYPTIAN PILOTS TRAINING THE IRAQI AIR FORCE TO FLY SOVIET JET FIGHTERS HAVE RETURNED TO CAIRO, THE NEWSPAPER AL AKHBAR SAID TODAY.

THE EGYPTIANS FLEW A NUMBER OF MIGS TO BAGHDAD DURING THE PERIOD OF COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC AND IRAQ THAT IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWED THE IRAQI REVOLUTION LAST JULY. BUT INSTEAD OF THE TWO NATIONS COMING CLOSER TOGETHER SINCE THEN, AS MANY EXPECTED, RELATIONS HAVE BECOME STRAINED.

AL AKHBAR SAID THE IRAQI PILOTS WILL NOW GO TO CZECHOSLOVAKIA FOR TRAINING. THE CZECHS BUILD KMANY RUSSIAN-DESIGNED MIGS.

HA652AES

A182

(370)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR SATURDAY AMS JAN. 31
BY ROY ESSOYAN

(ADVANCE) HONG KONG, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE CHINESE REDS ADMIT THEY'RE HAVING TROUBLE SELLING COMMUNISM TO THE PEOPLE OF CHINA, ESPECIALLY THE YOUNGER ONES.

THEY SAY ONLY A SMALL MINORITY IS MAKING TROUBLE, BUT THE AMOUNT OF SPACE THE PEIPING PRESS HAS BEEN DEVOTING TO THE PROBLEM SUGGESTS

IT'S A MATTER OF MUCH CONCERN.

THE OFFICIAL JOURNAL CHINA YOUTH REPORTED RECENTLY THAT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PEOPLE'S COMMUNES AND THEIR THREAT OF TOTAL COMMUNIZATION SENT SOME PEOPLE SCURRYING TO CONVERT PERSONAL BELONGINGS TO CASH.

"PEOPLE WHO HAD SEWING MACHINES AT HOME COULD NOT FACE THE PROSPECT OF HANDING THEM OVER FOR COMMUNAL USE," IT SAID. "AT FIRST THEY TRIED TO HIDE THEM AND IN THE END THEY SOLD THEM."

UNDER THE COMMUNE SYSTEM BANKS WERE EXPECTED TO CONFISCATE PERSONAL DEPOSITS. THIS CAUSED A RUSH ON THE BANKS.

"SOME PEOPLE, FEARING COMMUNISM WOULD COMMUNIZE THEIR SAVINGS DEPOSITS, HASTILY WITHDREW THEIR MONEY AND BOUGHT WRIST WATCHES AND OTHER CONSUMER GOODS," THE MAGAZINE SAID. "WHAT WAS LEFT OF THE MONEY THEY SQUANDERED ON DRINKING AND FEASTING."

CHINA YOUTH ALSO ADMITTED THERE IS OPPOSITION TO THE MILITARY PATTERN OF LIFE IN THE PEOPLE'S COMMUNES, THE SEPARATION OF FAMILIES AND CONFORMITY OF EATING IN PUBLIC MESS HALLS.

"SOME PEOPLE WORRY OVER THE LOSS OF THE BLISS OF FAMILY LIFE EN-TAILED IN PLACING CHILDREN IN PUBLIC NURSERIES," IT SAID. "SOME FIND LIFE INSIPID WHEN EATING IN PUBLIC MESS HALLS, AND OTHERS COMPLAIN ABOUT THE COMBAT PATTERN OF OPERATION AND MILITARY ORGANIZATION."

SUCH BEHAVIOR AND REACTIONS ARE NOT ENTIRELY DUE TO MISUNDERSTAND-ING OF COMMUNISM, IT ADDED, BLAMING IT IN PART TO THAT ENEMY OF COM-MUNISM, INDIVIDUALISM.

PEIPING RESERVES ITS HARSHTEST WORDS FOR INDIVIDUALISM.

"INDIVIDUALISM CANNOT BE RAPIDLY LIQUIDATED BECAUSE OF THE SEVERAL THOUSAND YEARS OLD IDEOLOGICAL INFLUENCE OF THE EXPLOITING CLASS," CHINA YOUTH SAID AND ADDED:

"LACK OF FULL UNDERSTANDING OF COMMUNISM SHOULD OCCASION NO SUR-PRISE. IT IS SOMETHING NEW AND NEVER EXPERIENCED BY THE PUBLIC."

"ALL THOSE YOUTHS WHO VIEW COMMUNISM WITH ANTAGONISM AND MISGIVINGS SHOULD REVERSE THEIR ATTITUDE. LET US ALL BECOME ARDENT SUPPORTERS OF ALL THE SPROUTS OF COMMUNISM UNDER THE ILLUMINATING TORCH OF COM-MUNIST IDEOLOGY."

END ADVANCE FOR SATURDAY AMS JAN. 31; MOVED JAN. 29
GA/GG138AES

A82 (300)

BY JAMES CARY

TOKYO, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT TODAY ANNOUNCED KOREANS LIVING IN JAPAN WILL BE REPATRIATED TO COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA IF THEY WANT. THE DECISION TOUCHED OFF A NEW CRISIS BETWEEN JAPAN AND SOUTH KOREA.

"IT IS TANTAMOUNT TO BREAKING OFF CURRENT NORMALIZATION TALKS," SAID KOREA'S MINISTER TO JAPAN, YIU TAI HA. "NOTHING COULD BE MORE UNFORTUNATE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS."

VN ESTIMATED 100,000 OF THE 600,000 KOREANS LIVING IN JAPAN -- MOST OF THEM IN POVERTY -- ARE REPORTED READY TO GO TO NORTH KOREA, WHERE THEY HAVE BEEN PROMISED JOBS.

THE SOUTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT HAS LONG OPPOSED THE MOVE, CONTENDING IT IS THE ONLY LEGAL KOREAN GOVERNMENT.

JAPANESE FOREIGN MINISTER AIICHIRO FUJIYAMA ANNOUNCED JAPAN'S DECISION AFTER A CABINET MEETING. HE SAID IT WAS BASED ON HUMANITARIAN CONSIDERATIONS AND "THE INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED FREEDOM TO CHOOSE ONE'S OWN PLACE TO LIVE."

JAPANESE PRESS REPORTS SAY THE REPATRIATION MAY BEGIN IN FEBRUARY OR MARCH.

JAPAN AND SOUTH KOREA -- WHICH THE JAPANESE OCCUPIED FROM 1910 UNTIL THE END OF WORLD WAR II -- HAVE LONG BEEN AT ODDS ON VARIOUS ISSUES. A MAJOR DISPUTE HAS BEEN THE QUESTION OF FISHING RIGHTS IN THE SEA OF JAPAN AND THE YELLOW SEA.

JAPANESE FISHING VESSELS HAVE BEEN TAKEN INTO CUSTODY BY SOUTH KOREAN AUTHORITIES UP TO 60 MILES OFF THE KOREAN COAST. ON JAN. 22 TWO BOATS WERE SEIZED WHICH THE JAPANESE CLAIMED WERE 200 MILES OFF THE COAST.

JAPAN APPARENTLY HAD HELD UP THE REPATRIATION DECISION IN THE HOPE OF A FAVORABLE OUTCOME TO THE FISHING DISPUTE. TODAY'S ANNOUNCEMENT INDICATED THE JAPANESE HAVE GIVEN UP HOPES OF A

30.24- 6001

SETTLEMENT.

THE LARGE KOREAN POPULATION IN JAPAN IS A HANGOVER FROM THE JAPANESE OCCUPATION OF KOREA. JAPAN WILL BE GLAD TO SEE THE KOREANS GO BECAUSE THE ISLANDS ARE ALREADY OVERPOPULATED WITH JAPANESE.

NORTH KOREA, REPORTEDLY SHORT OF MANPOWER, HAS OFFERED TO GUARANTEE THE WELFARE OF KOREANS WHO CHOOSE TO GO THERE FROM JAPAN.
EJ737AES

A160

UNITED NATIONS, JAN. 30 (AP)-MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL FORMALLY WELCOMED THREE NEW DELEGATES TO THEIR MIDST FRIDAY AS THE 11-NATION BODY HELD ITS FIRST MEETING OF 1959.

THE NEW DELEGATES WERE: AMBASSADOR MONGI SLIM OF TUNISIA, WHO ASSUMED THE PRESIDENCY, AMBASSADOR MARIO AMADEO OF ARGENTINA AND AMBASSADOR ADEGIDIO ORTONA OF ITALY. THE WELCOMING SPEECHES DELAYED DEBATE ON THE ISRAELI-SYRIAN BORDER INCIDENT--THE ISSUE BEFORE THE COUNCIL.

SM-JR1101PES

A34WX (BOMB-PLANES)

SAC (290)

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE MILITARY HIGH COMMAND HAS DECIDED THAT IT IS NEITHER NECESSARY NOR PRACTICAL AT PRESENT TO KEEP BOMB-LADEN PLANES OF THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND FLYING ON CONSTANT AIRBORNE ALERT.

THE DECISION WAS REACHED BY DEFENSE SECRETARY NEIL MCELROY, THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF AND THE AIR FORCE, A PENTAGON SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY.

GEN. THOMAS POWER, CHIEF OF SAC, TOLD THE SENATE PREPAREDNESS SUB-COMMITTEE YESTERDAY THAT HIS COMMAND DOES NOT KEEP BOMBERS ALOFT UNDER AN AIRBORNE ALERT PROGRAM. HOWEVER, POWER ADDED HE WOULD LIKE TO DO SO.

SAC B52 BOMBERS, UNDER THE ALERT PLAN, WOULD BE SAFELY AWAY FROM HOME BASES AND READY TO HEAD IMMEDIATELY FOR SOVIET TARGETS IN RE-TALIATORY STRIKES IF RUSSIA ATTACKED SUDDENLY. AN UNSPECIFIED NUMBER OF BOMBERS WOULD BE AIRBORNE AT ALL TIMES. AS EACH BOMBER HEADED BACK HOME FOR CREW REST AND MAINTENANCE OF THE AIRCRAFT, ANOTHER BOMBER WOULD TAKE ITS PLACE. TANKER PLANES WOULD REFUEL THE AIRBORNE ALERT BOMBERS WHILE ON STATION.

MCELROY TOLD THE SENATE GROUP THAT "WE DO NOT HAVE AN AIRBORNE ALERT, IF YOU MEAN FLYING OUR BOMBERS CONTINUOUSLY."

HE SAID THAT "WE DON'T CONSIDER THIS NECESSARY AT THIS STAGE."

SEN. STUART SYMINGTON (D-MO) SAID AT TODAY'S HEARING THAT THIS TESTIMONY POINTS UP WHAT HE TERMED "OUR LACK OF DEFENSE AGAINST SUBMARINE-LAUNCHED MISSILE ATTACKS."

HE COMMENTED THAT MCELROY ALSO HAD TESTIFIED THAT THE RUSSIANS WOULD LIKELY HAVE A NUMERICAL SUPERIORITY IN INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILES IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS.

"IF THE SOVIETS HAVE A SIGNIFICANT ICBM SUPERIORITY TWO TO THREE YEARS HENCE, THEY CAN IN A MATTER OF MOMENTS DESTROY OUR MISSILE FORCE WITH THE SAC MANNED BOMBER FORCE NOT IN THE AIR AT THAT TIME," SYMINGTON SAID.

"IF AT THAT TIME, AS IS CURRENTLY THE CASE, NONE OF OUR SAC BOMBERS ARE ON AIRBORNE ALERT, THE SIMPLE CONCLUSION IS THAT WITH A SIGNIFICANT MISSILE SUPERIORITY, THE RUSSIANS TWO TO THREE YEARS HENCE COULD WIPE OUT OUR ENTIRE MANNED AND UNMANNED RETALIATORY FORCE AT THAT TIME."

AT THE PENTAGON, IT WAS EXPLAINED MCELROY PRESUMABLY REFERRED TO THE ASSUMPTION THAT SOVIET INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES ARE NOT YET AT THE POINT WHERE THEY IMPOSE A DIRECT THREAT.

A PRIMARY PURPOSE OF AIRBORNE ALERT WOULD BE TO HAVE SOME PLANES, ARMED WITH THERMONUCLEAR BOMBS, CRUISING AT POINTS FROM WHICH THEY COULD REACH ASSIGNED TARGETS IN RUSSIA WITHIN MINUTES OR A FEW HOURS OF THE LAUNCHING OF SOVIET ICBMS.

THE PRINCIPAL THREAT AT PRESENT IS FROM LONG RANGE MANNED AIRCRAFT OF THE SOVIET STRATEGIC FORCE, IT WAS EXPLAINED. THE 15 MINUTES REQUIRED TO GET SAC BOMBERS OFF RUNWAYS AND ON THE WAY TO TARGET WOULD BE PERMITTED BY EARLY WARNINGS FROM THE NORTHERN AND SEAWARD RADAR WARNING LINES.

TO MAINTAIN AN AIRBORNE ALERT FORCE OF ANY SIZE WILL REQUIRE SPENDING MORE FOR FUEL AND MAINTENANCE OF AIRCRAFT. ADDITIONAL TANKER PLANES ALSO WILL BE NEEDED.

SAC BOMBERS NOW ARE IN THE AIR AT ALL TIMES, BUT THE AIR FORCE SAYS THESE ARE TRAINING FLIGHTS INSTEAD OF ORGANIZED AIRBORNE ALERT OPERATIONS.

AT ANY ONE TIME, SEVEN DOZEN HEAVY AND MEDIUM JET BOMBERS OF THE STRATEGIC AIR COMMAND ARE FLYING, MANY OF THEM WITH NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN THEIR BOMB BAYS.

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A120WX (LEAD MISSILE)

THIRD NIGHT LEAD SPACE-MISSILES

BY FRED S. HOFFMAN

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)—KEY GOVERNMENT SCIENTISTS SAID TODAY THE RUSSIANS DEMONSTRATED WITH THEIR LUNIK ROCKET THAT THEY HAVE ACHIEVED PINPOINT MISSILE ACCURACY AND MUCH GREATER ROCKET THRUST THAN THE UNITED STATES.

THE SCIENTISTS FROM GOVERNMENT SPACE AGENCIES GAVE THIS ASSESSMENT TODAY TO SENATORS TRYING TO FIND OUT HOW THIS COUNTRY IS FARING IN THE SPACE AND MISSILES RACE WITH RUSSIA.

THERE WAS ONE ESTIMATE THAT IT WOULD TAKE FIVE YEARS TO CATCH UP WITH RUSSIA IN THE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE FIELD.

BUT THE COMBINED SENATE SPACE AND PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEES ALSO HEARD REPORTS OF AMERICAN PROGRESS. THE SENATORS WERE TOLD OF PLANS TO FLIGHT TEST NEXT YEAR A ROCKET CLUSTER GENERATING UP TO 1 1/2 MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST.

SEVERAL OF THE SCIENTISTS SUGGESTED IT MIGHT BE A GOOD IDEA TO SPEND MORE MONEY TO SPEED DEVELOPMENT OF SUPER-POWERED ROCKETS OF THE KIND THAT ULTIMATELY ARE EXPECTED TO PROPEL MAN INTO SPACE.

DR. T. KEITH GLENNAN, HEAD OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION, CAUTIONED AGAINST DOWNRATING RUSSIAN CLAIMS TO HAVING SENT THE LUNIK PAST THE MOON AND INTO ORBIT AROUND THE SUN.

HE SAID HE HAS SEEN SOME OF THE RUSSIANS' SCIENTIFIC WORK AT FIRST HAND AND "I'M INCLINED TO BELIEVE THEY DID SEND THIS DEVICE BEYOND THE MOON."

THE HEARING PRODUCED THIS OTHER TESTIMONY:

1. DR. HOMER LEE STEWART, AN AIDE TO GLENNAN IN THE CIVILIAN SPACE AGENCY, SAID THE RUSSIAN PERFORMANCE WITH THE LUNIK SHOWS THEY HAVE MASTERED GUIDANCE GOOD ENOUGH TO DROP AN ICBM WITHIN 15 OR 20 MILES OF A TARGET.

DR. WERNHER VON BRAUN, A GERMAN-BORN MISSILE SCIENTIST NOW WORKING FOR THE ARMY, AGREED WITH STEWART, SAYING: "THIS PROVES THEY HAVE A GUIDANCE SYSTEM THAT CAN HIT A SMALL CITY FROM GREAT DISTANCES."

2. VON BRAUN ESTIMATED IT WILL TAKE FIVE YEARS TO PULL ABREAST OF THE RUSSIANS IN ICBM DEVELOPMENT, ASSUMING THEY CONTINUE TO PUSH AHEAD. IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION, HE SAID THE UNITED STATES WOULD FIND ITSELF HELPLESS IN ABOUT A DECADE UNLESS MISSILE AND SPACE EFFORTS ARE ACCELERATED.

3. BOTH VON BRAUN AND ROY W. JOHNSON, DIRECTOR OF THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT'S ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY, INDICATED THEY'D LIKE TO SEE GREATER SPENDING THAN IS NOW PROPOSED FOR ROCKET DEVELOPMENT.

THE GERMAN-BORN SCIENTIST SAID THE ARMY'S PROGRAM TO DEVELOP A ROCKET CLUSTER WITH 1 1/2 MILLION POUNDS THRUST COULD USE AN ADDITIONAL 40 MILLION DOLLARS THIS FISCAL YEAR AND ANOTHER 100 MILLION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

JOHNSON SAID MORE THAN 300 MILLION COULD BE ADDED TO FUNDS ALLOCATED BY THE ADMINISTRATION--150 MILLION TO BE USED IMMEDIATELY TO STEP UP DEVELOPMENT OF A POWERFUL BOOSTER ENGINE FOR MISSILES AND SATELLITES AND ANOTHER 150 MILLION OR MORE IN THE COMING FISCAL YEAR.

4. WILLIAM M. HOLADAY, THE PENTAGON'S MISSILES BOSS, SAID HE HAD BEEN ONLY PARTIALLY SUCCESSFUL IN TRYING TO GET MORE MONEY FOR BUILDING MISSILE-FIRING SUBMARINES.

HE SAID HE RECOMMENDED RELEASE OF FUNDS ALREADY APPROPRIATED FOR TWO POLARIS SUBS ON JAN. 1 AND PROVISION FOR FOUR MORE IN THE BUDGET FOR THE NEW FISCAL YEAR. HE SAID THE ADMINISTRATION RELEASED FUNDS FOR ONLY ONE SUCH VESSEL WHILE THE NEW BUDGET CALLS FOR ONE ADDITIONAL MISSILE SUB AND PROVIDES MONEY FOR SOME EQUIPMENT FOR THREE MORE.

HOWEVER, HOLADAY SAID HE BACKS THE \$40,945,000,000 DEFENSE BUDGET FOR NEXT YEAR.

5. COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN LYNDON B. JOHNSON (D-TEX) SAID TESTIMONY SHOWS THE U.S. SPACE PROGRAM STILL IS IN ITS INFANCY, THAT RUSSIA IS AHEAD IN ABILITY TO PUT HEAVY OBJECTS IN SPACE AND "THAT THERE IS A NEED FOR POSITIVE COORDINATION AND DIRECTION AMONG THE MANY AGENCIES OF THE GOVERNMENT ACTIVE THE SPACE FIELD."

IN SUSPENDING THE HEARINGS UNTIL THE MIDDLE OF NEXT WEEK, JOHNSON INDICATED THE COMMITTEES WILL TRY TO FIND OUT WHETHER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL MCELROY'S REASONS "FOR CUTTING THE BUDGET REQUESTS OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF WERE GOOD OR BAD."

THE SPACE AGENCY'S GLENNAN TESTIFIED THAT IN MANY PHASES OF SPACE AND MISSILE WORK, THE UNITED STATES IS NOT DOING BADLY.

GLENNAN TOLD THE SENATORS: "I DON'T THINK WE'RE BACK OF THE RUSSIANS AT ALL, EXCEPT IN PROPULSION. WE'RE AT LEAST AS GOOD AS THEY ARE, EXCEPT IN PROPULSION."

BUT HE SAID THAT AFTER A YEAR OF CONCENTRATED EFFORT THIS COUNTRY HAS MADE "NO MORE THAN A FIRST STEP" TOWARD EXPLORING THE DISTANT REACHES OF SPACE. HE SAID THE U. S. SPACE PROGRAMS SHOULD BE PUSHED "WITH THE SAME SENSE OF URGENCY WE HAD DURING THE WAR."

THE ESTIMATE OF RUSSIAN MISSILE ACCURACY WAS MADE BY DR. HOMER LEE STEWART, A SCIENTIST WITH NASA.

HE SAID THE RUSSIANS MUST HAVE TRIED AT LEAST TO COME CLOSE TO THE MOON. THE DISTANCE BY WHICH THE ROCKET MISSED THE MOON, HE ADDED, DEMONSTRATED GUIDANCE "GOOD ENOUGH FOR A USEFUL WEAPON."

"IT WAS GOOD ENOUGH TO GUIDE AN INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE TO A TARGET WITH A 15 TO 20 MILE CIRCLE OF ERROR," STEWART SAID. AN ICBM IS PLANNED TO TRAVEL MORE THAN 5,000 MILES. ASSUMING SUCH A WEAPON IS ARMED WITH A HYDROGEN WARHEAD, IT COULD DO HEAVY DAMAGE IF IT STRUCK WITHIN 15 OR 20 MILES OF ITS INTENDED TARGET.

STEWART SAID HE THOUGHT THE RUSSIANS MUST HAVE USED A ROCKET WITH BETWEEN 250,000 AND 500,000 POUNDS OF THRUST IN LAUNCHING THE 2,900-POUND LUNIK.

GLENNAN DID NOT GO INTO SPECIFICS ON POWER OF AMERICAN ROCKETS, BUT HE SAID THE RUSSIANS APPARENTLY HAVE ENGINES OF "SUBSTANTIALLY MORE THRUST THAN WE HAVE AVAILABLE TO US."

"TODAY AND FOR SOME TIME TO COME," GLENNAN SAID, "THE SOVIETS HAVE ROCKET BOOSTERS NECESSARY TO SEND INTO SPACE HEAVIER PAYLOADS THAN WE CAN MANAGE."

THE CIVILIAN SPACE CHIEF SAID THAT BY MIDSUMMER OF 1960 THE UNITED STATES SHOULD BE ABLE TO PUT ABOUT 6,000 POUNDS OF PAYLOAD INTO ORBIT, OR SEND ABOUT 1,000 POUNDS OF SUCH AN INSTRUMENTED VEHICLE AS FAR AS THE MOON.

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THE ARMY AND AIR FORCE HAVE MADE FOUR UNSUCCESSFUL TRIES BETWEEN THEM TO SEND A PACKAGE OF INSTRUMENTS TO OR BEYOND THE MOON, BUT THE BIGGEST PAYLOAD USED WAS 85 POUNDS. OTHER ATTEMPTS ARE IN THE OFFING. GLENNAN SAID NASA PLANS A SINGLE CHAMBER ROCKET ENGINE WITH 1 1/2 MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST WITHIN FOUR YEARS, AND A CLUSTER OF THESE POWERFUL ROCKETS WITH SIX MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST TWO YEARS AFTER THAT.

PROPULSION EQUIPMENT WITH THIS THRUST, HE SAID, SHOULD BE ABLE TO PUSH 75 TONS INTO ORBIT AND "HAVE THE POWER CAPABILITY TO LAND A MAN ON THE MOON."

NASA HAS AWARDED A CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTION OF SPACE CAPSULES INTENDED TO CARRY A MAN INTO ORBIT AROUND THE EARTH. SUCH AN ATTEMPT IS NOT EXPECTED FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS.

GLENNAN SAID TODAY HIS AGENCY HAS ORDERED 18 PROPULSION VEHICLES TO BE USED IN PRELIMINARY TESTING WORK ON THE CAPSULES. HE DID NOT ELABORATE BEYOND SAYING THE VEHICLES WERE ORDERED FROM THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY AT HUNTSVILLE, ALA. BUT IT WAS LEARNED THAT MOST OF THE 18 WILL BE JUPITER INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES.

LT341PES

B20WX (Q)

(350) THIRD LEAD SPACE

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)—U.S. SPACE EXPERTS OUTLINED TO INVESTIGATING SENATORS TODAY A PROGRAM OF PROJECTS FOR THE YEARS AHEAD RANGING FROM SPACE PLATFORMS AND ORBITING MANNED VEHICLES TO A WARNING SYSTEM AGAINST SURPRISE BALLISTIC MISSILE ATTACK.

EFFORTS ARE BEING PRESSED IN THE FIELD. AN ORDER IS IN FOR 18 PROPULSION VEHICLES TO BE USED IN THE PROJECT OF PUTTING A MAN INTO SPACE. WORK IS PROGRESSING ON MORE POWERFUL ROCKET ENGINES.

BUT, AS OF THIS TIME, THE RUSSIANS ARE AHEAD IN PROPULSION. AND THEIR LUNAR SHOT INDICATES THE SOVIETS HAVE A GUIDANCE SYSTEM GOOD ENOUGH TO DROP A ROCKET WITHIN 15 TO 20 MILES OF THE TARGET FROM A RANGE OF 5,000 MILES.

IN SUMMARY OF THE TESTIMONY TO THE SENATE SPACE AND PREPAREDNESS COMMITTEES, CHAIRMAN LYNDON B. JOHNSON (D-TEX) SAID IT "INDICATES THAT THE ORGANIZATION FOR OUR NATIONAL SPACE PROGRAM IS STILL IN ITS INFANCY. THAT THE USSR IS AHEAD OF US IN ABILITY TO PUT HEAVY OBJECTS IN SPACE, THAT THERE IS A NEED FOR POSITIVE COORDINATION AND DIRECTION AMONG THE MANY AGENCIES OF THE GOVERNMENT ACTIVE IN THE SPACE FIELD."

ROY W. JOHNSON, DIRECTOR OF THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT'S ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY, TICKED OFF AS PROJECTS FOR THE FUTURE:

ORBITING SATELLITES CARRYING CREWS OF SEVERAL MEN EACH, MANNED VEHICLES TO GO AROUND THE MOON, SPACE PLATFORMS OF SUPPLY STATIONS, THREE OR FOUR "STATIONARY" SATELLITES--SEEMING TO HANG MOTIONLESS IN THE SKY--FOR WORLD WIDE COMMUNICATIONS, AND RADIO-EQUIPPED ARTIFICIAL-STAR SATELLITES FOR NAVIGATION PURPOSES.

JOHNSON ALSO TOLD OF PLANS FOR:

1. AN INFRARED EARLY WARNING SYSTEM--CALLED PROJECT MIDAS--FOR DEFENSE AGAINST SURPRISE BALLISTIC MISSILE ATTACK.

2. A SATELLITE DETECTION "FENCE," CAPABLE OF LOCATING AND IDENTIFYING--AND PREDICTING THE ORBITS OF--NON RADIATING OR "DARK" OBJECTS (MISSILES OR SATELLITES) IN SPACE.

JOHNSON SAID THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS EXPERIMENTAL SYSTEM, INVOLVING RADIO TRACKING STATIONS ALREADY USED IN MISSILE AND SATELLITE LAUNCHING VENTURES--NOW EXTENDS GENERALLY ACROSS THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE UNITED STATES.

JOHNSON SAID ARPA TRIES TO PROJECT ITS THINKING AND ITS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS TO PERIODS 10 TO 15 YEARS AHEAD "WHEN THE UNITED STATES WILL, AS A MATTER OF ITS OWN NATIONAL SECURITY, REQUIRE THE CAPABILITY TO OPERATE MANEUVERABLE VEHICLES IN OUTER SPACE IN MUCH THE SAME MANNER AS OUR JET AIRCRAFT NOW PERFORM."

DR. T. KEITH GLENNAN, HEAD OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE AGENCY, TOLD OF THE ORDER FOR 18 PROPULSION VEHICLES FOR THE MAN-IN-SPACE PROJECT.

GLENNAN SAID THE VEHICLES HAVE BEEN ORDERED FROM THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY AT HUNTSVILLE, ALA.

ALTHOUGH HE DID NOT ELABORATE, IT WAS LEARNED THAT MOST OF THE 18 VEHICLES WILL BE JUPITER INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES.

SOME LATER FIRINGS WILL USE FASTER, MORE POWERFUL SOLID PROPELLANT ROCKETS. THE JUPITER IS A LIQUID PROPELLANT WEAPON.

NASA RECENTLY AWARDED A CONTRACT TO MCDONNELL AIRCRAFT CORP. OF ST. LOUIS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A SPACE CAPSULE, TO CARRY A MAN ON AN ORBITING FLIGHT. OTHER CONTRACTS HAVE BEEN ANNOUNCED FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ENGINES OF MORE THAN A MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST, POWERFUL ENOUGH TO PUSH MANNED VEHICLES INTO SPACE.

AT THAT TIME, A SPOKESMAN SAID IT WOULD BE AT LEAST TWO YEARS BEFORE A MANNED SPACE FLIGHT CAN BE ATTEMPTED.

THE JUPITERS WILL BE USED IN THE TESTING OF MOCKUPS OR EARLY MODELS OF THE SPACE CAPSULES IN WHICH MAN SOME DAY MAY RIDE.

THEY WILL BE COMPARATIVELY SHORT FLIGHTS TO OBSERVE LAUNCHING PROBLEMS, AND QUESTIONS OF RE-ENTRY OF THE EARTH'S ATMOSPHERE, AND WILL PROVIDE FOR RECOVERY OF THE CAPSULES.

THE FULL SCALE SPACE FIRINGS OF PROJECT MERCURY, AS THE MAN-IN-SPACE PROJECT IS CALLED, WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED, HOWEVER, WITH INTERCONTINENTAL RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES, PERHAPS THE ATLAS. THE JUPITER LACKS THE GREAT POWER REQUIRED.

IN EARLIER TESTIMONY, DIRECTORS OF THIS NATION'S SPACE EFFORT SAID THE SOVIET LUNIK, OR MOONSHOT, WAS A SUCCESS.

GLENNAN AND TWO OF HIS ASSISTANTS, DR. WILLIAM PICKERING AND DR. HOMER LEE STEWART, TESTIFIED THERE COULD BE NO DOUBT THAT THE RUSSIANS HAD LAUNCHED THEIR SPACE PROBE SUCCESSFULLY WITH POWERFUL ENGINES AND GOOD GUIDANCE SYSTEMS.

STEWART SAID THE SAME GUIDANCE SYSTEM COULD DIRECT AN ICBM TO A TARGET WITH AN ERROR OF LESS THAN 15 TO 20 MILES OVER DISTANCES OF MORE THAN 5,000 MILES.

ASKED WHETHER HE BELIEVES RUSSIAN CLAIMS THEY SENT A SATELLITE INTO ORBIT AROUND THE SUN, GLENNAN SAID HE IS "INCLINED TO AVOID DISCOUNTING CLAIMS OF ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN THE SCIENTIFIC FIELD MADE BY THE RUSSIANS."

HE SAID HE HAS SEEN THE QUALITY OF SOME OF THEIR WORK, PARTICULARLY IN THE ATOMIC FIELD, AT FIRST HAND AND "I'M INCLINED TO BELIEVE THEY DID SEND THIS DEVICE BEYOND THE MOON."

AS FOR THIS COUNTRY'S RELATIVE POSITION, GLENNAN SAID:

"I DON'T THINK WE'RE BACK OF THE RUSSIANS AT ALL, EXCEPT IN PROPULSION." WE'RE AT LEAST AS GOOD AS THEY ARE, EXCEPT IN PROPULSION.

GLENNAN APPLIED A FAMILIAR SAYING TO THE RACE INTO SPACE: "WE MAY LOSE ONE OF THE BATTLES BUT I DON'T THINK WE ARE GOING TO LOSE THE WAR."

THE NASA HEAD LET IT BE KNOWN HE STILL WOULD LIKE TO LATCH ONTO THE ARMY'S MISSILE-SPACE TEAM HEADED BY DR. WERNHER VON BRAUN.

"IT WOULD MOVE THE SPACE PROGRAM FORWARD FASTER," HE SAID.

THE DECISION AGAINST BRINGING THE ARMY TEAM INTO NASA, HE SAID, ISN'T FINAL, AS IT CAN BE RECONSIDERED WITHIN A YEAR.

GLENNAN SAID THE ARMY AGENCY NOW IS:

1. PREPARING TO LAUNCH A "DEEP SPACE PROBE WHICH WILL BE FIRED SOMEWHERE IN THE VICINITY OF THE MOON, BUT IS NOT INTENDED TO HIT THE MOON."

2. WORKING ON A COMMUNICATIONS SATELLITE.

3. DEVELOPING, ALONG WITH THE JET PROPULSION LABORATORY, PASADENA, CALIF., BOOSTER ENGINES FOR "DEEP SPACE MISSIONS."

4. DISCUSSING WITH NASA PLANS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE UPPER STAGES FOR THE 1 1/2-MILLION-POUND-THRUST CLUSTER OF ROCKET ENGINES BEING DEVELOPED BY THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT.

SEN. LYNDON B. JOHNSON (D-TEX), CHAIRMAN OF BOTH THE SPACE AND PREPAREDNESS GROUP, RECOUNTED THE SERIES OF SPECTACULAR SOVIET SUCCESSES WITH SATELLITES AND THEN SAID:

"THIS COMMITTEE WANTS TO KNOW WHERE WE NOW STAND. WHEN CAN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE EXPECT TO CATCH UP WITH THE RUSSIANS?"

DR. T. KEITH GLENNAN, ADMINISTRATOR OF NASA, ACCOMPANIED BY STEWART AND DR. WILLIAM H. PICKERING, DIRECTOR OF NASA'S JET PROPULSION LABORATORY, ANSWERED QUESTIONS ABOUT THE SOVIET MOON SHOT.

GLENNAN SAID IT PROVED THAT THE RUSSIANS HAVE SUBSTANTIALLY MORE THRUST OR POWER FOR SATELLITES AND MISSILES THAN THIS COUNTRY HAD DEVELOPED.

STEWART ESTIMATED THAT A POWER THRUST OF BETWEEN 250,000 AND ONE MILLION POUNDS WAS USED TO HURL THE LUNIK INTO SPACE.

WITH ADVANCED EQUIPMENT, HE SAID, THE MOON SHOT VEHICLE MIGHT SUCCEED WITH AS LOW AS A QUARTER OF A MILLION POUND THRUST. IF THE EQUIPMENT WAS POOR IT MIGHT TAKE A MILLION POUNDS, HE ADDED.

STEWART SAID THE GUIDANCE DIRECTING THE SHOT WAS "OF GOOD QUALITY" AND TIMING OF THE SHOT INDICATED AN EFFORT EITHER TO HIT THE MOON OR PASS CLOSE TO IT.

PICKERING SAID TRACKING STATIONS IN CALIFORNIA TRIED TO CATCH THE RUSSIAN MOON SHOT ON ITS INITIAL PHASE AND MISSED BUT LATER RECEIVED SEVERAL HOURS OF SIGNALS FROM FAR OUT IN OUTER SPACE.

HE SAID OTHER TRACKING STATIONS ALSO RECEIVED WEAK SIGNALS.

"IT DID GO OUT PAST THE MOON," PICKERING SAID.

GLENNAN, IN A PREPARED STATEMENT, SAID THAT AFTER A YEAR THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE "NO MORE THAN A FIRST STEP" IN EFFORTS "TO EXPLORE THE DISTANT UNKNOWN OF SPACE."

HE SAID THIS HAS INCLUDED BOTH SUCCESSES AND FAILURES. THE SUCCESSES, HE CONTINUED, "PROVIDED INFORMATION OF GREAT VALUE ABOUT THE SEA OF SPACE THROUGH WHICH OUR EARTH IS HURTLING AT 66,000 MILES AN HOUR."

"OUR FAILURES WERE IMPORTANT. THEY RE-EMPHASIZED HOW DIFFICULT THE PATHS INTO SPACE ARE GOING TO BE."

TERMING THE SOVIET SPUTNIKS AND LUNIK SPECTACULAR SUCCESSES, GLENNAN SAID THE RUSSIANS "HAVE TAKEN THEIR SPACE EFFORT AND FORGED IT INTO A SHARP EFFECTIVE WEAPON FOR USE IN THEIR UNCEASING STRUGGLE TO CAPTURE THE MINDS OF MEN AROUND THE WORLD."

"THEY ARE USED, NOT SO MUCH AS TO ENRICH MAN'S UNDERSTANDING OF HIS WORLD AND THE UNIVERSE," HE SAID, "AS THEY ARE TO SERVE THE SPECIAL POLITICAL INTERESTS OF THE SOVIET STATE."

PENTAGON SPACE AND MISSILE LEADERS SCHEDULED FOR QUESTIONING INCLUDE DR. HERBERT YORK, DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH AND ENGINEERING; WILLIAM M. HOLADAY, DIRECTOR OF THE ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY, AND DR. WERNHER VON BRAUN, GERMAN-BORN DIRECTOR OF THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY.

MAJ. GEN. BERNARD A. SCHRIEVER, THE AIR FORCE'S TOP MISSILEMAN, TESTIFIED YESTERDAY. HE URGED A GREATER BUILDUP IN LONG RANGE ROCKETS TO COUNTER A "VERY DANGEROUS...BALLISTIC MISSILES THREAT" FROM RUSSIA.

SCHRIEVER SAID THE DETERRENT POWERS OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS CHANCES OF SURVIVAL ARE ENDANGERED BY RUSSIAN POSSESSION OF A LONG RANGE MISSILE.

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE MCELROY SAID IN HIS OPENING TESTIMONY THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT PLAN TO MATCH RUSSIA ON INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE PRODUCTION IN THE NEXT TWO YEARS.

BUT HE SAID LATER THAT THE FIRST OPERATIONAL BASE FOR ATLAS ICBMS WILL BE IN USE NEXT JUNE AT CALIFORNIA'S VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE.

THE COUNSEL FOR THE SENATE GROUP, EDWIN WEISL, INTERPRETED MCELROY'S TESTIMONY AS MEANING THE FIRST OPERATIONAL SQUADRON OF ICBMS WILL BE READY IN JULY OF THIS YEAR. MCELROY DID NOT CHALLENGE THIS STATEMENT, BUT A HIGH AIR FORCE OFFICIAL LATER SAID IT DIDN'T QUITE REFLECT THE

SITUATION.

THE OFFICIAL TOLD A NEWSMAN "WE WILL HAVE SOME OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY THEN," BUT THAT A FULL SQUADRON OF ABOUT 10 MISSILES PROBABLY WILL NOT BE READY FOR SEVERAL MONTHS AFTER THAT.

MCELROY EXPLAINED DURING HIS TESTIMONY THAT PRODUCTION OF THE SNARK MISSILE IS CONTINUING ON A LIMITED BASIS BUT GRADUALLY WILL BE TERMINATED AFTER ONE SQUADRON IS EQUIPPED WITH THEM.

MCELROY DISCLOSED HE HAD A WRITTEN AGREEMENT SIGNED BY THE INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF THAT THERE ARE NO SERIOUS GAPS IN THE NATION'S NEW MILITARY BUDGET AND IT IS ADEQUATE.

JOHNSON ASKED FOR A PHOTOGRAPHIC COPY AND HE QUICKLY BROUGHT IN THE UNIFORMED HEADS OF THE NAVY, AIR FORCE, MARINES AND ARMY FOR QUESTIONING.

EACH OFFICER CONCEDED HIS ORIGINAL FUNDS REQUESTED HAD BEEN SLASHED TWO OR THREE BILLIONS BUT ALL OF THEM ALSO INSISTED THEY ARE SUPPORTING THE OVERALL PROGRAM.

"I CAN' UNDERSTAND HOW FOUR INADEQUACIES ADD UP TO ONE ADEQUACY," SAID SEN. THOMAS J. DODD (D-CONN).

JOHNSON BROKE IN TO EXPRESS THE OPINION THAT SECRETARY MCELROY ACTUALLY MADE THE DECISION AND THEN GOT HIS MILITARY CHIEFS "TO SIGN A PAPER AGREEING NOT TO FIGHT IT."

"I THINK THESE UNIFORMED MEN CAME IN HERE AND SAID OUR EQUIPMENT AND OUR FORCES ARE NOT ADEQUATE, BUT WE ARE GOING TO BE GOOD SOLDIERS," JOHNSON SAID.

MB&RZ330AES

A103(CQ)WX

(160) A-SUBS

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)-WILLIAM M. HOLADAY, PENTAGON MISSILES CZAR, TOLD SENATORS TODAY HIS PROPOSALS TO SPEED BUILDING OF ATOM-POWERED POLARIS MISSILE SUBMARINES WERE NOT ACCEPTED BY THE BUDGET DRAFTEES.

BUT HOLADAY, AT THE SAME TIME SAID HE SUPPORTS PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S 40-BILLION-DOLLAR DEFENSE BUDGET.

UNDER QUESTIONING AT THE SENATE INQUIRY INTO PREPAREDNESS, HOLADAY SAID HE RECOMMENDED RELEASE OF FUNDS FOR TWO POLARIS SUBMARINES ON JAN. 1, AND INCLUSION OF FUNDS FOR FOUR MORE IN THE BUDGET FOR THE NEW FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1.

HOLADAY SAID HIS RECOMMENDATIONS "HAD ONLY BEEN PARTIALLY ACCEPTED." INSTEAD OF RELEASING FUNDS FROM PAST APPROPRIATIONS FOR TWO POLARIS SUBS, THE ADMINISTRATION RELEASED FUNDS FOR ONE. THE NEW BUDGET CALLS FOR ONE ADDITIONAL POLARIS AND PROVIDES FUNDS FOR SOME EQUIPMENT FOR THREE MORE.

CONGRESS MADE 600 MILLION DOLLARS AVAILABLE FOR POLARIS SUBS LAST YEAR, BUT THE ADMINISTRATION IMPOUNDED THE MONEY. THE SUBS COST ABOUT 125 MILLION DOLLARS EACH. AT PRESENT, THE NAVY HAS STARTED CONSTRUCTION ON FIVE.

CR747PES

B61WX Q

(360) NIGHT LEAD ATLAS

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)-SEN. STUART SYMINGTON (D-MO) SAID TODAY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S BUDGET MESSAGE WAS MISLEADING IN SAYING THE ATLAS ICBM WILL BECOME OPERATIONAL DURING THIS FISCAL YEAR.

SYMINGTON ALSO ATTACKED TESTIMONY BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL MCELROY BEFORE THE SENATE PREPAREDNESS AND SPACE COMMITTEE YESTERDAY. THE SENATOR SAID MCELROY GAVE THE IMPRESSION THAT THE FIRST ATLAS OPERATIONAL SQUADRON WOULD BE READY NEXT JULY.

"THERE WILL BE NO BALLISTIC MISSILE SQUADRON OPERATIONAL THIS YEAR," SYMINGTON SAID IN A STATEMENT WHICH HE READ AT THE COMMITTEES' SESSION THIS AFTERNOON.

30.24- 6005

MCELROY HAD TESTIFIED THAT ONE BASE AND A LAUNCHING CREW WILL BE READY IN JUNE AT VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF. THE QUESTION OF HOW MANY ATLAS ICBMS WILL BE ON HAND AT THE BASE BY THEN WAS LEFT UNCLEAR.

IN LATER QUESTIONING COMMITTEE COUNSEL EDWIN WEISL SAID HE BELIEVED MCELROY HAD SAID A "SQUADRON" WOULD BE READY. MCELROY REPLIED, "YES SIR."

A HIGH AIR FORCE OFFICER, WHO DIDN'T WANT HIS NAME LINKED TO A CONTRADICTION, TOLD A REPORTER THE SITUATION ACTUALLY IS A BIT DIFFERENT. HE SAID A FULL SQUADRON OF ICBMS PROBABLY WON'T BE READY TO GO INTO OPERATION FOR SEVERAL ADDITIONAL MONTHS. BUT THE AIR FORCE WILL HAVE WHAT HE TERMED AN ICBM CAPABILITY IN JULY, HE SAID.

THERE WAS NO TESTIMONY AS TO HOW MANY ATLASES WILL MAKE UP A SQUADRON. THE NUMBER IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE 10 MISSILES.

SYMINGTON SAID:

"IF FOR FISCAL REASONS AND REASONS OF TRADITION THIS ADMINISTRATION IS PLANNING, AS THEY NOW AT LAST ADMIT THEY ARE PLANNING, TO PASS OVER SUPERIORITY IN THE MOST IMPORTANT NEW WEAPON TO THE SOVIETS WHILE THEY RELY IN THE MAIN ON A WEAPONS SYTEM THEY THEMSELVES ADMITTED YESTERDAY, IS ALREADY OBSOLESCE, I BELIEVE THEY ARE JEOPARDIZING THE SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES.

"THAT IS BAD ENOUGH, ALTHOUGH IT MAY BE THEIR RIGHT.

"BUT IS IS NOT THEIR RIGHT, OR ANYBODY'S RIGHT, TO CONTINUE TO PRESENT AN INACCURATE POSITION OF OUR DEFENSES TO THE PEOPLE."

SYMINGTON QUOTED FROM THE PRESIDENT'S JAN. 19 BUDGET PASSAGES SAYING THE FIRST OPERATIONAL ATLAS MISSILES WOULD BE AT LAUNCHING SITES BY THE END OF THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND THAT THE ATLAS "WILL BECOME OPERATIONAL DURING THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR."

HE NOTED THAT MAJ. GEN. BERNARD A. SCHRIEVER, HEAD OF THE ICBM PROGRAM, TESTIFIED YESTERDAY THAT THE OPERATIONAL SCHEDULE FOR ATLAS HAD NOT BEEN CHANGED SINCE 1955.

MC850PES

36WX (Q)

SNARK-ATLAS (360)

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE WILL END ITS SNARK INTER-CONTINENTAL GUIDED MISSILE PROGRAM AFTER PRESENT ORDERS FOR WEAPONS FOR ONE UNIT HAVE BEEN FILLED.

NORTHROP AIRCRAFT, INC., WAS AWARDED A 50 MILLION DOLLAR CONTRACT LAST DECEMBER TO PRODUCE ENOUGH SNARK MISSILES TO OUTFIT A LAUNCHING UNIT BEING LOCATED AT PRESQUE ISLE, MAINE.

THE SNARK, FLYING WITHIN THE ATMOSPHERE AND AT A SPEED LESS THAN THAT OF SOUND, IS LAUNCHED WITH SOLID PROPELLANTS, THEN USES A JET ENGINE TO REACH

THE TARGET. ITS RANGE IS 5,000 MILES. THE SNARK CARRIES A SELF-CONTAINED GUIDANCE SYSTEM.

PENTAGON SOURCES HAVE INDICATED THAT A TOTAL OF ABOUT 30 SNARKS WILL HAVE BEEN SENT TO PRESQUE ISLE BY THIS SUMMER.

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL MCELROY, IN TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SENATE PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY, SAID THE SNARK PROGRAM WAS SET UP ON A "ONE-SQUADRON BASIS" AND THE PENTAGON IS "CONCLUDING PRODUCTION AFTER THAT SQUADRON IS PROVIDED FOR."

THE PENTAGON EXPECTS THE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE (ICBM) TO BEGIN COMING INTO THE DEFENSE SYSTEM BY MID-SUMMER. THE ICBM, WITH A RANGE OF MORE THAN 6,000 MILES, FLIES AT SPEEDS AS GREAT AS 16,000 MILES PER HOUR AND, AT THE PEAK OF TRAJECTORY, ASCENDS SEVERAL HUNDRED MILES.

MCELROY TOLD THE SENATE COMMITTEE THAT ONE BASE AND A LAUNCHING CREW WILL BE READY IN JUNE AT VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF.

THE QUESTION OF HOW MANY ATLAS ICBMS WILL BE ON HAND AT THE BASE BY THEN WAS LEFT UNCLEAR, PROBABLY DELIBERATELY FOR REASONS OF SECURITY.

ALL THAT MCELROY ACTUALLY SAID ON HIS OWN WAS THAT A BASE AND CREWS WILL BE READY IN JUNE WHEN MISSILES ARE AVAILABLE.

IN LATER QUESTIONING COMMITTEE COUNSEL EDWIN WEISL SAID HE BELIEVED MCELROY HAD SAID A "SQUADRON" WOULD BE READY. MCELROY REPLIED, "YES SIR."

A HIGH AIR FORCE OFFICER, WHO DIDN'T WANT HIS NAME LINKED TO A CONTRADICTION, TOLD A REPORTER THE SITUATION ACTUALLY IS A BIT DIFFERENT--A FULL SQUADRON OF ICBMS PROBABLY WON'T BE READY TO GO INTO OPERATION FOR SEVERAL ADDITIONAL MONTHS. BUT THE AIR FORCE WILL HAVE WHAT HE TERMED AN ICBM CAPABILITY IN JULY, HE SAID.

THERE WAS NO TESTIMONY AS TO HOW MANY ATLASES WILL MAKE UP A SQUADRON.

AN ATLAS SQUADRON IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE ORGANIZED ON THE BASIS OF 10 MISSILES.

1T235PES

B24 Q (160)

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE ANNOUNCED PLANS TODAY FOR SPECIAL FACILITIES AT 11 UNITED STATES AND ONE PUERTO RICAN AIR BASE TO LOOK AFTER ITS HOUND DOG AND QUAIL MISSILES.

ABOUT 9 MILLION DOLLARS WILL BE SPENT ON THE WORK WHICH WILL BE SUPERVISED BY THE ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS. THE AIR FORCE SAID NO SCHEDULE HAD YET BEEN SET UP FOR THE CONSTRUCTION.

HOUND DOGS AND QUAILS ARE TO BE CARRIED BY B52 STRATEGIC BOMBERS. THE MISSILES, CARRYING NUCLEAR WARHEADS, CAN BE FIRED SEVERAL HUNDRED MILES FROM ENEMY TARGETS. THUS THE MANNED BOMBER CAN REMAIN OUTSIDE OF A HEAVILY DEFENDED AREA. QUAILS ARE DECOYS WHICH WILL BE LAUNCHED FROM THE BOMBERS TO CONFUSE ENEMY DEFENSES.

THE BASES AND THE AMOUNTS ALLOCATED FOR THIS SPECIAL WORK FOLLOW:

EGLIN, FLA., \$650,000; LORING, MAINE, ONE MILLION, DOW, MAINE, \$800,000; GRIFFISS, N.Y., \$800,000; SEYMOUR-JOHNSON, N.C., \$650,000; BLYTHEVILLE, ARK., \$650,000; WRIGHT-PATTERSON, OHIO, \$800,000; ROBINS, GA., \$700,000; WURTSMITH, MICH., \$800,000; ALTUS, OKLA., \$750,000; MINOT, N.D., \$800,000 AND RAMEY, PUERTO RICO, \$550,000.

KA504PES

A8WX

ADVANCE FOR 2:30 PM EST TODAY

(350) JOHNSON-ROCKETS

(ADVANCE). NEW YORK, JAN. 30 (AP)-THE PENTAGON'S SPACE BOSS SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES HOPES TO TEST NEXT YEAR A ROCKET 10 TIMES MORE POWERFUL THAN ANY THIS COUNTRY NOW POSSESSES.

ROY W. JOHNSON, DIRECTOR OF THE ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY (ARPA), ALSO PREDICTED MANNED SPACE FLIGHTS USING ANOTHER NEW COMBINATION OF ROCKETS. HE GAVE NO TIME SCHEDULED FOR THE MANNED FLIGHTS.

JOHNSON NOTED THAT HIS AGENCY HAD ORDERED THE ARMY TO DEVELOP A CLUSTER OF ATLAS TYPE ENGINES TO PROVIDE A BASIC BOOSTER WITH 1,500,000 (M) POUNDS OF THRUST.

HE VOICED A HOPE THAT THIS ROCKET WILL BE READY FOR FLIGHT TEST IN 1960, THEN SAID THAT A THREE-STAGE COMBINATION USING THIS ROCKET, AN EXISTING ATLAS MISSILE AS THE SECOND STAGE AND A NEW THIRD ROCKET, "COULD PLACE A 25,000-POUND MANNED SPACE STATION INTO ORBIT OR COULD LAUNCH A MANNED VEHICLE TO CIRCUMNAVIGATE THE MOON AND RETURN."

JOHNSON MADE HIS PREDICTIONS IN A SPEECH BEFORE A MEETING OF THE NEW YORK STATE BAR ASSN. THE SPEECH WAS READ FOR JOHNSON, DETAINED IN WASHINGTON BY THE SENATE SPACE HEARINGS, BY REAR ADM. JOHN E. CLARK, ARPA'S DEPUTY DIRECTOR.

JOHNSON INDICATED AN EXISTING ATLAS ROCKET BOOSTER AND A NEW HIGH ENERGY SECOND STAGE COULD PLACE A MAN OR MEN IN A SATELLITE ORBIT AND RETURN THEM TO EARTH AFTER SEVERAL DAYS OF FLIGHT.

HE SAID THIS SAME COMBINATION OF ROCKETS COULD BE USED TO LAUNCH AN UNMANNED, SMALLER SATELLITE TO AN ALTITUDE OF 22,000 MILES. A VEHICLE AT THAT HEIGHT, JOHNSON SAID, ORBITING AROUND THE EQUATOR WOULD APPEAR TO STAND STILL IN SPACE BECAUSE IT WOULD REVOLVE ABOUT THE EARTH EVERY 24 HOURS, THE SAME PERIOD REQUIRED FOR THE EARTH TO MAKE A REVOLUTION ON ITS OWN AXIS.

JOHNSON SAID THAT USING THE SAME ATLAS AND NEW SECOND STAGE ROCKET COMBINATION, A SMALLER SATELLITE COULD LAND 1,000 POUNDS OF INSTRUMENTS ON THE MOON OR CARRY SEVERAL HUNDRED POUNDS OF INSTRUMENTS TO VENUS OR MARS.

JOHNSON NOTED THAT NASA, THE CIVILIAN SPACE ADMINISTRATION, IS WORKING ON A SINGLE ROCKET ENGINE DESIGNED TO PRODUCE ONE MILLION POUNDS OF THRUST. HE SAID THIS ROCKET SHOULD BE AVAILABLE DURING THE NEXT FIVE TO EIGHT YEARS AND PREDICTED THAT CLUSTERING SEVERAL SUCH ENGINES "WILL PROVIDE THE MEANS FOR POWERING INTERPLANETARY MANNED SPACE FLIGHTS TO MARS OR VENUS AND OTHER PLANETS BY WAY OF SPACE PLATFORMS THAT WILL HAVE BEEN DEVELOPED BY THAT TIME."

END ADVANCE FOR 2:30 PM EST TODAY

JA229PES

A68BA

0(130)

BALTIMORE, JAN. 30 (AP)-A MACE MISSILE WAS SHOT 650 MILES THROUGH A HEAVY ARIZONA SNOWSTORM IN A SUCCESSFUL TEST FLIGHT TODAY, THE MARTIN CO. ANNOUNCED.

A SPOKESMAN SAID THE TM76B MACE WITH AN INERTIAL GUIDANCE SYSTEM WAS FIRED FROM HOLAMAN AIR FORCE MISSILE DEVELOPMENT CENTER NEAR ALAMOGORDO, N. M. IT NEVER STRAYED OFF COURSE AND IMPACTED IN THE TARGET AREA AT WENDOVER AIR FORCE BASE, UTAH.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE FLIGHT PROVED THE ALL-WEATHER CAPABILITY OF THE TM76B, WHICH CAN CARRY A NUCLEAR WARHEAD.

TWO SUPERSONIC JETS ACCOMPANIED THE MACE ON TODAY'S FLIGHT. THE MACE WILL REPLACE THE MARTIN MATADOR AT OVERSEAS BASES WITHIN A FEW MONTHS.

THE INERTIAL SYSTEM IN THE TM76B EMPLOYS MEMORY GUIDANCE, UNLIKE THE ATRAN (ALL CAPS) IN THE TM76A MACE, WHICH MATCHES THE TERRAIN WITH ITS RADAR MECHANISM.

FN551PES NM

A124AX

--95--

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., JAN. 30 (AP)-THE NATION'S 25TH THOR INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILE SURGED UP TONIGHT ON THE ROARING START OF ANOTHER FULL-RANGE SPACE TEST.

THE POWERFUL THOR -- ALREADY ON OPERATIONAL ALERT STATUS WITH NATO FORCES IN ENGLAND -- SHOT SKYWARD FROM A CASCADE OF WHITE FLAME AND SMOKE AT 8:53 P.M. EST. THE BLASTOFF APPEARED TO RUN SMOOTHLY IN CONTRAST WITH THE LAST SHOOT DEC. 28 WHEN THE 65-FOOT WAR ROCKET BLEW APART IN SPECTACULAR STYLE, HIGH IN THE SKY.

THE 55-TON MISSILE KNIFED THROUGH A THICK MASS OF LOW-HANGING CLOUDS. THEN THE ROCKET WAS LOST FROM SIGHT, BUT THE ROAR OF ITS BIG ENGINES WAS HEARD FOR TWO MORE MINUTES.

THE THOR WAS BLINKING AS IT CLIMBED. ONCE AGAIN IT WAS EQUIPPED WITH A HUGE LIGHT CAPABLE OF GENERATING 17 MILLION CANDLEPOWER.

AS THE DOUGLAS WEAPON REACHED SPACEWARD AT TREMENDOUS SPEED HUGE BALLISTIC TRACKING CAMERAS STATIONED AT STRATEGIC SPOTS ALONG THE RANGE ZEROED IN ON THE FLASHING LIGHT.

THE CAMERAS RECORD THE MISSILE'S SPACE TRIP WITH PINPOINT ACCURACY. THE LAUNCHING WAS ANOTHER 1,700 STATUTE MILE FULL-RANGE SHOT. THOR WAS DESIGNED FOR THIS DISTANCE BUT IT ONCE TRAVELED AS FAR AS 2,600 MILES ON AN EARLIER TEST.

THE AIR FORCE IS WORKING ON A NUMBER OF PROJECTS IN CONNECTION WITH THOR. THE FOREMOST IS TO IMPROVE ITS RELIABILITY -- THAT IS, ITS CAPABILITY OF HITTING THE BULLSEYE EVERY TIME.

THE FIRST OF A FUTURE ARSENAL OF THORS NOW IS POISED FOR ACTION AT A SECURITY-WRAPPED LAUNCHING SITE WITHIN RANGE OF MOSCOW.

THE MISSILE WILL BE HANDLED BY ROYAL AIR FORCE CREWMEN BUT THE ALL-IMPORTANT NUCLEAR WARHEAD WILL REMAIN IN U.S. POSSESSION AT THE SITE.

THE FIRST OF MANY THOR FIRINGS BY A MILITARY CREW CAME AT VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF., DEC. 16. THERE WAS A DOUBLE-BARRELLED THOR SHOOT FROM BOTH COASTS THAT NIGHT WHEN A THOR BLASTED AWAY FROM THE CAPE FOUR HOURS LATER.

IN ADDITION TO ITS POTENTIAL AS AN AWESOME WAR WEAPON, THOR IS PLAYING A KEY ROLE IN U.S. SPACE VENTURES.

TM918PES

A137WX

--95--

ADVANCE FOR NOON EST TODAY

FOREIGN AID

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SAID TODAY ANY CUT IN PROPOSED FOREIGN AID SPENDING WOULD MAKE IT NECESSARY TO BOOST OUTLAYS FOR U. S. DEFENSE FORCES.

AND ANY SUCH INCREASE FOR THE SECURITY FORCES WOULD BE FAR GREATER THAN ANY AMOUNT SAVED ON FOREIGN AID, EISENHOWER ADDED.

THE PRESIDENT SET FORTH HIS VIEW IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE THIRD NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON EXCHANGE OF PERSONS, A PROGRAM DESIGNED TO PROMOTE BETTER UNDERSTANDING AMONG THE PEOPLES OF THE WORLD.

"THOSE, IN PUBLIC AND PRIVATE LIFE, WHO WOULD HAVE US CUT AMERICA'S MUTUAL AID AND LOAN PROGRAMS SIMPLY DO NOT UNDERSTAND WHAT THESE PROGRAMS MEAN TO PEACE AND TO AMERICA'S SAFETY," EISENHOWER SAID.

"ANY CUTBACK OF PRESENT BUDGETARY LEVELS FOR OUR MUTUAL SECURITY PROGRAM WOULD REQUIRE ADDITIONAL OUTLAYS FOR OUR OWN SECURITY FORCES, FAR GREATER THAN ANY AMOUNT THAT COULD BE SO SAVED."

THE PRESIDENT'S BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1 CALLS FOR SPENDING 3 1/2 BILLION DOLLARS IN AID ABROAD, AS COMPARED WITH AN ESTIMATED \$3,900,000,000 (B) THIS YEAR.

SPENDING FOR U. S. MILITARY FORCES, ON THE OTHER HAND, IS CALCULATED AT \$40,800,000,000 (B) THIS YEAR--100 MILLION DOLLARS LESS THAN THE ADMINISTRATION REQUEST FOR THE NEW FISCAL YEAR.

CONGRESS IN RECENT YEARS HAS FOLLOWED A CONSISTENT PATTERN OF CUTTING ADMINISTRATION REQUESTS FOR FOREIGN AID.

END ADVANCE FOR USE AT NOON EST TODAY

ER1156AES

A101WA

(280)

NIGHT LEAD DISARMAMENT

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)-WESTERN OFFICIALS WERE REPORTED PESSIMISTIC TONIGHT ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF GETTING AN EARLY BREAK IN THE DEADLOCK WITH RUSSIA OVER PREVENTING ANY SURPRISE ATTACK.

THE ISSUE APPEARED TO BE HEADED FOR DISCUSSION AT THE PROSPECTIVE CONFERENCE NEXT SPRING BETWEEN WESTERN AND SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTERS.

SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES AND HIS ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON DISARMAMENT ISSUES RECEIVED A REPORT ON SURPRISE ATTACK NEGOTIATIONS TODAY FROM WILLIAM C. FOSTER, FORMER DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE. FOSTER HEADED THE U. S. DELEGATION WHICH MET WITH THE SOVIET BLOC AT GENEVA LATE LAST YEAR.

THERE WAS NO ANNOUNCEMENT OF ANY DECISIONS AFTERWARD AND OFFICIALS SAID PRIVATELY THERE WAS NO REASON TO THINK ANY DECISIONS WERE MADE. THE GENEVA TALKS. CONDUCTED BY FIVE WESTERN AND FIVE COMMUNIST

30.24- 6007

NATIONS, BEGAN NOV. 10 AND BROKE UP DEC. 18 IN TOTAL DISAGREEMENT. THE STALEMATE DEVELOPED OVER THE EFFORT OF THE WESTERN NATIONS TO HOLD THE TALKS TO PURELY TECHNICAL QUESTIONS, SUCH AS MEANS OF INSPECTION TO PREVENT A COUNTRY FROM LAUNCHING A MASSIVE ASSAULT IN SECRET. THE SOVIET SIDE INSISTED THAT BROADER DISARMAMENT ISSUES SHOULD ALSO BE CONSIDERED.

THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT SUBSEQUENTLY PROPOSED THAT THE TALKS BE RESUMED ON JAN. 15, BUT THE WEST REJECTED THIS PROPOSAL PENDING AGREEMENT ON WHAT THEY WOULD TALK ABOUT.

BARRING A CHANGE IN THE SOVIET POSITION, WESTERN AUTHORITIES NOW FIGURE IT WILL TAKE CONSIDERABLE TIME TO DEVELOP A NEW WESTERN APPROACH WHICH MIGHT BE AGREEABLE TO THE SOVIETS.

MEANWHILE, THE SOVIET AND WESTERN GOVERNMENTS HAVE SUBSTANTIALLY AGREED ON THE NEED FOR AN EARLY CONFERENCE ON GERMAN PROBLEMS, INCLUDING THE FUTURE OF BERLIN, AND OFFICIALS HERE EXPECT THAT A FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING LIKELY WILL BE HELD--POSSIBLY AT GENEVA--IN LATE APRIL OR EARLY MAY

CR741PES

B30WX (SEG)

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 A.M. EST TODAY

(200) LOYALTY OATH

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)--ELIMINATION OF THE LOYALTY OATH FOR BENEFICIARIES UNDER THE FEDERAL DEFENSE EDUCATION ACT WAS PROPOSED TODAY BY SEN. JOHN F. KENNEDY (D-MASS).

KENNEDY OFFERED A BILL WHICH WOULD REPEAL THE SECTION REQUIRING RECIPIENTS OF FEDERAL SCHOLARSHIP LOANS AND OTHER AID TO DECLARE THEY DO NOT BELIEVE IN, BELONG TO OR SUPPORT ANY SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION.

THE REQUIREMENT WAS INCLUDED IN THE BILL SHORTLY BEFORE IT WAS PASSED LAST YEAR.

"NO THOUGHT WAS GIVEN, TO MY KNOWLEDGE," KENNEDY SAID, "TO THE QUESTION OF HOW THIS SECTION WOULD BE ENFORCED, WHO WOULD INVESTIGATE THE VERACITY OF THESE AFFIDAVITS, WHO WOULD DETERMINE WHETHER STUDENTS WHO DID NOT BELONG TO ANY SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION MIGHT HAVE SAID SOMETHING INDICATING 'SUPPORT', OR WHERE THE MONEY WAS GOING TO BE FOUND TO POLICE THIS PROVISION."

"NOR WAS THERE ANY DISCUSSION (IN CONGRESS) AS TO WHAT DANGER TO THE NATION WAS BEING AVOIDED BY THIS REQUIREMENT--OR WHY CONGRESS WAS SINGLING OUT RECIPIENTS OF FEDERAL SCHOLARSHIPS AND STUDENT LOANS AND NOT THOSE WHO RECEIVE OLD AGE BENEFITS, CROP LOANS OR OTHER UNRELATED PAYMENTS."

"CARD-CARRYING MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, OF COURSE, HAVE NO HESITANCY ABOUT PERJURING THEMSELVES IN SUCH AN AFFIDAVIT. THIS PROVISION WILL NOT KEEP THEM OUT OF THE PROGRAM. BUT IT MAY WELL KEEP OUT THOSE WHO RESENT SUCH A REQUIREMENT."

END ADVANCE FOR 6:30 A.M. EST TODAY

CR2544AES

A148WX

COMMUNIST (190)

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)--CIA CHIEF ALLEN W. DULLES SAID TODAY THAT COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS, INCLUDING SOME FROM THE UNITED STATES, ARE UNDOUBTEDLY GETTING TOGETHER IN MOSCOW THIS WEEK TO DISCUSS PLANS "FOR UNDERMINING OUR FREE SOCIETIES."

"I SUGGEST," DULLES SAID, "THAT ONE IS ENTITLED TO ASK WHETHER THE SOVIET BELIEVE THIS IS REALLY THE BEST WAY OF PERSUADING US THAT THE WORLDWIDE COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY AND THE COLD WAR IS OVER AND THAT 'PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE' IS THE SOLE PURPOSE OF THESE DELIBERATIONS."

DULLES, DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY, ADDRESSED THE WOMEN'S FORUM ON NATIONAL SECURITY.

HE NOTED THAT THE 21ST CONGRESS OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY OPENED IN MOSCOW EARLIER THIS WEEK AND CONTINUED TODAY. IN ADDITION TO LEADERS OF RUSSIA, RED CHINA AND THE EUROPEAN SATELLITE COUNTRIES, HE SAID THE SESSION HAS BROUGHT TOGETHER REPRESENTATIVES OF COMMUNIST PARTIES "FROM ABOUT 60 COUNTRIES IN THE FREE WORLD."

"EVEN THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF THE UNITED STATES CLAIMS REPRESENTATION," DULLES SAID.

"WHILE ALL EXCEPT THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES ARE GUESTS RATHER THAN FULL PARTICIPANTS IN THE CONGRESS, THEY WILL UNDOUBTEDLY BE GETTING TOGETHER WITH THE LEADERS OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY TO REVIEW COMMON POLICIES AND PROGRAMS FOR UNDERMINING OUR FREE SOCIETIES."

DULLES DID NOT NAME ANY REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE UNITED STATES AT THE MEETING. OTHER OFFICIALS SAID TWO NAMES HAVE BEEN GIVEN BY RUSSIA'S TASS NEWS AGENCY: JAMES JACKSON AND MOSES SHIELD.

IN RESPONSE TO AN INQUIRY, THE FBI SAID JAMES JACKSON IS A NEW YORK MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN COMMUNIST PARTY'S NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, AND HANDLES NEGRO AFFAIRS. THE FBI HAD NO RECORD OF THE NAME MOSES SHIELD.

CZ1021PES

A153WX

(120) NIGHT LEAD HUNGARY

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)--COMMUNIST HUNGARY HAS TAKEN A MOST HOSTILE AND INSULTING WAY OF ASKING FOR NORMAL RELATIONS WITH THIS COUNTRY, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID TODAY.

THE DEPARTMENT'S PRESS CHIEF, LINCOLN WHITE, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT A NOTE FROM BUDAPEST IS "SO OFFENSIVE IN TONE THAT IT BELIES THE STATED READINESS OF THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT TO TAKE STEPS DIRECTED TOWARD LAYING THE BASIS FOR NORMAL RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES."

"THE NOTE PRETENDS TO WANT TO PUT RELATIONS ON A NORMAL, AND I ASSUME FRIENDLY BASIS," WHITE SAID. "BUT THE TENOR OF THE NOTE IS MOST HOSTILE, MOST INSULTING. THEREFORE, IT BELIES THE STATED PURPOSE OF THE NOTE."

IN ASKING FOR RESUMPTION OF NORMAL RELATIONS, THE HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT IMPLIED IT MIGHT BE FORCED TO TAKE ACTION IF ITS REQUEST WERE DENIED.

CZ1034PES

B69WX Q

(350) ATOMIC

BY JOE HALL

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)--SEN. CLINTON P. ANDERSON (D-NM), NEWLY ELECTED CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE, SAID TODAY HE WILL PUSH FOR AN 875-MILLION-DOLLAR ATOMIC POWER PROGRAM.

ANDERSON TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HE BELIEVES THIS MUCH FEDERAL ASSISTANCE COULD BE USEFULLY GRANTED IN THE NEXT FIVE TO SEVEN YEARS. HE SAID THE MONEY COULD BE USED FOR GRANTS COVERING THE DIFFERENCE IN COST BETWEEN A CONVENTIONAL AND ATOMIC PLANT, FOR RESEARCH, FOR DIRECT GOVERNMENT CONSTRUCTION OF PROTOTYPE PLANTS, AND FOR OTHER AIDS.

"I AM DETERMINED THAT A CONCRETE, UNDERSTANDABLE PROGRAM FOR ENSURING THAT THIS COUNTRY TAKES IT PROPER PLACE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY SHALL BE ENACTED IN THIS CONGRESS," THE SENATOR SAID.

"OBTAINING THIS SEEMINGLY SIMPLE OBJECTIVE HAS BEEN FOR SEVERAL YEARS LIKE TRYING TO CATCH THE GREASED PIG AT THE COUNTY FAIR. EVERY TIME WE SEEMED TO HAVE OUR HANDS ON IT WE FOUND SHORTLY IT HAD ESCAPED US."

ANDERSON SAID ALSO, IN REPLY TO QUESTIONS, THAT HE BELIEVES THIS COUNTRY COULD HAVE A NUCLEAR-POWERED MILITARY PLANE FLYING IN FOUR

YEARS IF IT SET A FIRM 1962 DEADLINE NOW.

HE ESTIMATED THIS WOULD REQUIRE SPENDING 280 MILLION DOLLARS MORE THAN THE 154 MILLION HE SAID IS NOW BUDGETED FOR THE PROGRAM. HOWEVER, HE SAID AN EXTRA ALLOTMENT OF 45 MILLION IN THE YEAR AHEAD WOULD BE ENOUGH TO BRING THE SPEED-UP HE DESIRED, AND ADDED THAT HE WOULD TRY TO GET THIS 45 MILLION.

IF THE PRESENT BUDGETARY CEILINGS ARE MAINTAINED, HE SAID, IT MIGHT WELL BE THIS COUNTRY WON'T HAVE SUCH A PLANE UNTIL THE 1970'S. ANDERSON SAID THERE GOOD PEOPLE ARE WORKING ON IT BUT THAT THE PROJECT SUFFERED BECAUSE FUNDS HAD BEEN CUT BACK SO OFTEN.

ANDERSON TOOK OVER CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE COMMITTEE FROM REP. CARL DURHAM (D-NC). THE POST ROTATES BETWEEN THE HOUSE AND SENATE.

ANDERSON SAID THERE IS LITTLE ECONOMIC SPUR FOR UTILITIES TO BUILD ATOMIC POWER PLANTS NOW BECAUSE CONVENTIONAL FUELS ARE CHEAPER.

FURTHER, HE SAID, THE UTILITIES "HESITATE TO ASK GOVERNMENT HELP SIMPLY BECAUSE THEY BELIEVE THAT WHAT STARTS AS HELP--ONCE THE GOVERNMENT HAS ITS MONEY IN THE PROJECT--WILL END AS GOVERNMENT CONTROL AND ULTIMATELY GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP."

RZ4CZ1005PES

A85WX

(520

AMS BUDGET

FULBRIGHT

BY JACK BELL

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)--AN ACUTE CRITIC OF EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION POLICIES CALLED TODAY FOR EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS ON BERLIN AS HE PREPARED TO TAKE OVER THE SENATE'S TOP FOREIGN AFFAIRS POST.

SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK), 53-YEAR-OLD FORMER UNIVERSITY PRESIDENT, NEXT WEEK WILL SUCCEED 91-YEAR-OLD SEN. THEODORE FRANCIS GREEN (D-RI), WHO RESIGNED TODAY AS CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE.

IN AN OUTLINE OF HIS VIEWS, THE SOFT-SPOKEN ARKANSAS SENATOR TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HIS SHARP CRITICISMS OF SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES HAVE BEEN DIRECTED AT METHODS AND NOT AT OBJECTIVES.

FULBRIGHT LEFT IT UNSAID, BUT THE IMPLICATION WAS CLEAR THAT A NEW AND CRITICAL EXAMINATION OF ADMINISTRATION POLICIES IS IN THE OFFING.

AS AN EXAMPLE OF HIS DIFFERENCES WITH DULLES, FULBRIGHT SAID THE ADMINISTRATION APPARENTLY HAS STALLED ON DEAD CENTER IN DEALING WITH THE RUSSIAN DEMAND TO MAKE WEST BERLIN A FREE CITY.

"PERSONALLY," HE SAID, "I THINK IT IS IMPORTANT TO MOVE TOWARD THE WITHDRAWAL OF FOREIGN TROOPS. IT WOULD BE A GOOD THING IF RUSSIA WITHDREW ITS OCCUPATION TROOPS FROM EAST GERMANY, HUNGARY, AND ROMANIA.

"I AM NOT PARTICULARLY OPTIMISTIC ABOUT RUSSIA'S MAKING ANY AGREEMENTS IN THIS FIELD. BUT IT IS TIME WE MADE THE SOVIETS TAKE THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR FAILING TO AGREE INSTEAD OF JUST SAYING 'NO' EVERY-TIME THEY PROPOSE SOMETHING."

FULBRIGHT, WHO HAS CROSSED VERBAL SWORDS WITH DULLES ON MANY OCCASIONS, SAID IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION HE STANDS BY HIS DECLARATION IN A SENATE SPEECH LAST AUGUST THAT ADMINISTRATION POLICIES ARE "INADEQUATE, OUTMODDED AND MISDIRECTED."

"I DON'T HAVE A BLUEPRINT FOR THE SOLUTION OF ANY OF THESE PROBLEMS," HE SAID TODAY. "I DON'T KNOW THAT WE CAN GET ANY AGREEMENT BUT WE OUGHT TO HAVE THE ATTITUDE OF TRYING TO MOVE OFF DEAD CENTER. ALL I'M SAYING IS THAT WE OUGHT TO TRY."

WITH AN ASSURANCE GATHERED IN 10 YEARS' MEMBERSHIP ON THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, FULBRIGHT TOSSED OFF ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS ABOUT THESE TOPICS:

RECOGNITION OF RED CHINA--HE IS AGAINST RECOGNITION NOW BUT "WE OUGHT TO EXPLORE THE POSSIBILITIES OF SOME KIND OF AN OVERALL SETTLEMENT WHICH WOULD INCLUDE KOREA AND FORMOSA."

NUCLEAR TESTING--HE APPROVES THE U. S. PROPOSAL FOR ENDING TESTS BUT RECOGNIZES THERE IS DISAGREEMENT AMONG HIS COLLEAGUES AND EXPERTS OVER

THE MATTER.

DISARMAMENT--HE BELIEVES SOME AGREEMENT MIGHT BE REACHED FOR PARTIAL DISARMAMENT, SINCE THAT WOULD BE BENEFICIAL TO RUSSIA AS WELL AS THE UNITED STATES.

PEACE--"I DON'T ACCEPT THE IDEA THAT WE ARE BOUND TO HAVE A NUCLEAR WAR."

AS A RHODES SCHOLAR, A FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS AND AUTHOR OF THE INTERNATIONAL STUDENT EXCHANGE PROGRAM, FULBRIGHT FEELS THAT THE LACK OF EMPHASIS ON EDUCATION HAS CONTRIBUTED TO MANY OF THIS COUNTRY'S TROUBLES AT HOME AND ABROAD.

FULBRIGHT, WHO EARNED FOUR DEGREES AND HAS RECEIVED MORE THAN A SCORE OF OTHERS, IS KNOWN AROUND THE SENATE AS A QUIET AND REASONABLE MAN BUT A TOUGH PROTAGONIST IN DEBATE.

FULBRIGHT WAS BORN APRIL 9, 1905, AT SUMNER, MO., THE SON OF A SUCCESSFUL FARMER AND BUSINESSMAN.

AT 53, WITH HIS BLACK HAIR BEGINNING TO BE TINGED WITH GRAY, HE CAN LOOK BACK ON 16 YEARS OF SERVICE IN CONGRESS. DURING HIS SINGLE TERM IN THE HOUSE, BEFORE HE WAS ELECTED TO THE SENATE IN 1944, HE GAINED WIDE RECOGNITION BY AUTHORIZING A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR A SYSTEM OF COLLECTIVE SECURITY TO MAINTAIN WORLD PEACE.

HE IS MARRIED AND THE FATHER OF TWO DAUGHTERS.

CR705PES

B58WX Q

(300) INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGES

WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)--A LITTLE TOWN OF 310 PEOPLE--BURNS, KAN.,--RATED A DISTINGUISHED SERVICE AWARD TONIGHT FOR CREATING A HOME-AWAY-FROM-HOME FOR FOREIGN STUDENTS.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, MUSICIAN LEONARD BERNSTEIN, ROTARY INTERNATIONAL AND THE GENERAL ELECTRIC CO. WERE ACCORDED SIMILAR HONORS FOR THEIR PART IN INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGES.

THE AWARDS WERE MADE BY THE INSTITUTE OF INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION, WHICH ADMINISTERS TWO-WAY SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAMS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND 82 NATIONS. VICE PRESIDENT NIXON WAS CHOSEN TO PRESENT THEM.

HERE TO ACCEPT THE AWARD FOR THEIR HOMETOWN WERE MR. AND MRS. E.D. GRIMWOOD OF BURNS, KANS. GRIMWOOD IS A HARDWARE MERCHANT AND FARM IMPLEMENT DEALER.

SINCE 1954, YOUNG MEN AND WOMEN HAVE BEEN WELCOMED IN THE BURNS HOMES OF THE FARMER, CABINET MAKER, MINISTER, BUSINESSMAN AND TEACHER IN A PROGRAM ORGANIZED BY THE WOMEN'S SOCIETY OF THE TOWN'S METHODIST CHURCH.

IN 5 YEARS, 77 STUDENTS FROM 37 COUNTRIES HAVE COME TO BURNS--LOCATED 140 MILES FROM THE UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS--NOT ONCE BUT MANY TIMES, THE CITATION SAID.

BERNSTEIN, COMPOSER AND MUSICIAN, WAS CITED AS A "CULTURAL AMBASSADOR OF THE U.S."

THE OTHER CITATIONS NOTED:

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA "COMBINES THE EXCELLENCE OF SCHOLARLY TRADITION WITH THE VIGOR OF NEW INQUIRY, UNRESTRICTED BY NATIONAL BOUNDARIES."

ROTARY INTERNATIONAL: "A PRIVATE ORGANIZATION WITH A NOTABLE RECORD OF SERVICE IN BUILDING INTERNATIONAL UNDERSTANDING AND GOOD WILL THROUGH SUPPORT OF FELLOWSHIPS FOR STUDY ABROAD."

THE AWARD WAS MADE TO CLIFFORD RANDALL, ROTARY INTERNATIONAL PRESIDENT FROM MILWAUKEE.

GENERAL ELECTRIC WON THE AWARD FOR ITS SERVICE AND LEADERSHIP IN MEETING INTERNATIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND FOR HELPING TO TRAIN MORE THAN 1,800 YOUNG PEOPLE FROM 62 COUNTRIES.

MC833PES

B29 Q (210)

RADIOACTIVE WASTE
WASHINGTON, JAN. 30 (AP)—AN OAK RIDGE, TENN., ATOMIC SCIENTIST TOLD CONGRESS TODAY TANK STORAGE APPEARS TO BE TODAY'S SAFEST AND POSSIBLY CHEAPEST METHOD OF DISPOSING OF HIGH-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTES.

THE STATEMENT WAS MADE BY E. G. STRUXNESS, OF THE UNION CARBIDE CO., LABORATORY AT OAK RIDGE, IN TESTIMONY BEFORE A SENATE-HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE ON DISPOSAL OF WASTE RESULTING FROM PRODUCTION OF NUCLEAR FUELS.

STRUXNESS SAID THE POSSIBILITY OF CONVERTING RADIOACTIVE LIQUID WASTE INTO AN INSOLUBLE SOLID IS APPEALING "BECAUSE IT WOULD FREE THE HIGH-LEVEL WASTE DISPOSAL PROBLEM FROM ITS PRESENT DEPENDENCE ON THE ECOLOGY AND GEOGRAPHY OF THE DISPOSAL SITE."

HE SAID INVESTIGATIONS OF SUCH POSSIBILITIES CONDUCTED AT OAK RIDGE HAVE BEEN LIMITED TO MIXING WASTE WITH CLAY AND COMMON FLUXES AND HEATING THE MIXTURE TO FORM A BRICK. TWO PROBLEMS FACE EXPERIMENTERS, HE SAID. ONE IS DEVELOPMENT OF A MIX THAT WOULD FORM A SATISFACTORY SOLID, THE OTHER THE CONVERSION OF LABORATORY PROCEDURE TO ROUTINE OPERATIONS.

WILLIAM B. HEROY, DALLAS, TEX., A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL ON WASTE DISPOSAL, SUGGESTED THAT SPACE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE MINING OF ROCK SALT COULD BE USED FOR STORAGE OF RADIOACTIVE WASTE.

L. P. HATCH OF THE BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY REPORTED THAT EXPERIMENTS THERE ARE AIMED AT DEVELOPMENT OF A WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD BASED ON ABSORPTION AND FIXATION OF FISSION PRODUCTS IN NATURAL CLAY PRODUCTS.

KA527PES

717000
(270)

CINCINNATI, JAN. 30 (AP)—RETIRED ADM. ARTHUR W. RADFORD SAID TONIGHT HE THINKS RUSSIA IS "GETTING A LITTLE TOO COCKY AND TOO TOUGH."

THE FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF SAID, "THE RUSSIAN POSITION SEEMS TO BE HARDENING--IN BERLIN AND THE FAR EAST."

"I THINK THEY ARE MAKING A MISTAKE IN MISJUDGING THE MOOD OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE."

RADFORD, WHO RETIRED IN THE SUMMER OF 1957, SAID HE IS CONFIDENT OF AMERICAN MILITARY STRENGTH.

"OF COURSE, I AM NO LONGER PRIVY TO ALL THE INFORMATION ABOUT OUR ARMED STRENGTH," HE SAID. "BUT I HAVE GREAT ADMIRATION FOR DEFENSE SECRETARY NEIL MCELROY AND PRESIDENT EISENHOWER."

"IF THEY ARE SATISFIED WITH OUR MILITARY POSITION, THEN I'M SATISFIED."

THE ADMIRAL WAS HERE FOR A TALK AT AN INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS CONFERENCE SPONSORED BY CIVIC GROUPS.

HE TOLD A REPORTER HE DOESN'T AGREE WITH MAJ. GEN. BERNARD A.

SCHRIEVER, AIR FORCE MISSILE BOSS, WHO YESTERDAY CALLED FOR AN AMERICAN MISSILE BUILDUP BECAUSE OF RUSSIAN PROGRESS IN MISSILES.

ADMIRAL RADFORD SAID, "THE GENERAL HAS ONLY RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE MISSILE FIELD. HE DOESN'T HAVE TO CONCERN HIMSELF WITH THE OVERALL PICTURE."

"THAT'S THE DEFENSE SECRETARY'S JOB. I'LL TAKE MY CUE FOR SATISFACTION FROM SECRETARY MCELROY."

EARLIER TODAY AT THE CONFERENCE, WALTER MILLIS, AN ASSOCIATE OF THE FUND FOR THE REPUBLIC AND FORMER MILITARY EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE, ATTACKED THE DETERRENT IDEA OF MILITARY BUILDUP AS "TOTALLY INSANE."

30.24- 6009

HE SAID HE THINKS U.S. MILITARY POLICY SHAPERS "MUST START BY RECOGNIZING THE FACT THAT WAR HAS BECOME ABSURD."

"WAR HAS NO FUTURE AS A SOCIAL INSTITUTION AND, I HOPE, NO FUTURE AT ALL. THE NEW WEAPONS HAVE ABOLISHED STRATEGY. IN SOME AREAS OF FRICTION, LIKE SOUTHEAST ASIA, OUR WEAPONS SYSTEM IS IRRELEVANT."

F1214AES NM

A57KX

BULLETIN - Night lead

SAN FRANCISCO, JAN. 30 (AP)—A MISTRIAL WAS GRANTED TODAY IN THE SEDITION TRIAL OF JOHN W. POWELL, 39; HIS WIFE, AND ANOTHER DEFENDANT. THE GOVERNMENT THEN AT ONCE FILED TREASON CHARGES AGAINST THE THREE.

FEDERAL JUDGE LOUIS E. GOODMAN GRANTED THE MISTRIAL ON GROUNDS CITED BY DEFENSE ATTORNEYS THAT THE COURT'S STATEMENTS YESTERDAY WERE PREJUDICIAL.

JUDGE GOODMAN HAD COMMENTED, WITH THE JURY ABSENT, THAT TESTIMONY ALREADY IN EVIDENCE "WOULD BE PRIMA FACIE SUFFICIENT TO SUSTAIN A VERDICT OF GUILTY UNDER THE TREASON STATUTE." *printed accounts accusing*

THE POWELLS AND JULIAN SCHUMAN, 38, OF NEW YORK, WENT ON TRIAL CHARGED WITH SEDITION IN THE PUBLICATION OF A SHANGHAI MAGAZINE DURING THE KOREAN WAR. THEIR CHINA MONTHLY REVIEW ACCUSED THE UNITED STATES OF ENGAGING IN GERM WARFARE. THE PROSECUTION CONTENDED THE ACCUSATIONS HAMPERED THE U.S. WAR EFFORT AND LOWERED MORALE.

TREASON CARRIES A MAXIMUM PUNISHMENT OF DEATH, WHEREAS THE MAXIMUM FOR SEDITION IS 20 YEARS IMPRISONMENT AND \$10,000 FINE. BOTH CRIMES INCLUDE "GIVING AID AND COMFORT TO THE ENEMIES OF THE UNITED STATES" BUT THEIR DEFINITIONS CARRY TWO POSSIBLY IMPORTANT DIFFERENCES AS FAR AS THE POWELL CASE IS CONCERNED.

TREASON CAN BE COMMITTED ANYWHERE; SEDITION ONLY WITHIN UNITED STATES JURISDICTION. AND ALTHOUGH TREASON, WHICH REQUIRES TWO WITNESSES TO THE OVERT ACT, COVERS ANYONE WHO ZEVIES WAR AGAINST THE UNITED STATES, IT DOES NOT SAY THAT TREASON HAS TO BE COMMITTED IN TIME OF WAR. THE DEFINITION OF SEDITION SPECIFIES THE COUNTRY MUST BE AT WAR WHEN THE CRIME IS COMMITTED.

ALTHOUGH JUDGE GOODMAN'S COMMENT WAS OUTSIDE THE PRESENCE OF THE JURY, DORIS BRIN WALKER, ONE OF POWELL'S ATTORNEYS, SAID NEWSPAPER QUOTATIONS OF THE REMARKS HAD DONE "IRREPARABLE DAMAGE" TO THE DEFENDANTS.

MRS. WALKER SHOWED JUDGE GOODMAN COPIES OF NEWSPAPERS WITH HEADLINES WHICH, SHE SAID, STATED THE JUDGE HAD SAID THE DEFENDANTS WERE GUILTY OF TREASON.

JUDGE GOODMAN DENIED HE SAID THAT, ADDING: THE COURT SAID THAT FROM PRIMA FACIE POINT OF VIEW THERE WAS SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO SUSTAIN A VERDICT OF GUILTY UNDER THE TREASON STATUTE.

"THE COURT WOULD HAVE BEEN OUT OF ITS MIND AT THE TIME," TO HAVE SAID THE DEFENDANTS WERE GUILTY OF TREASON, HE SAID.

THE COMMENT YESTERDAY WAS MADE AS JUDGE GOODMAN RULED THAT CERTAIN PROSECUTION TESTIMONY WAS INADMISSIBLE UNDER AN ACCUSATION OF SEDITION, BUT ADMISSIBLE HAD THE CHARGE BEEN ONE OF TREASON.

U.S. ATTY. ROBERT H. SCHNACKE SAID HE WOULD NOT OBJECT TO THE MISTRIAL ORDER BECAUSE "WE HAVE NO DESIRE TO TRY THE DEFENDANTS IN ANYTHING BUT AN ATMOSPHERE OF FAIRNESS."

IMMEDIATELY AFTER JUDGE GOODMAN GRANTED THE MISTRIAL MOTION SCHNACKE FILED HIS COMPLAINT CHARGING THE THREE WITH TREASON. HE ASKED THAT THEY BE HELD WITHOUT BAIL.

CHARLES R. GARRY, ANOTHER DEFENSE ATTORNEY, ASKED THAT BAIL, WHICH HAD BEEN SET ON SEDITION CHARGES, REMAIN AS IT WAS--\$5,000 FOR EACH OF THE POWELLS, AND \$3,500 FOR SCHUMAN.

SCHNACKE INSISTED THAT NO BAIL BE GRANTED, SAYING "TREASON IS A FAR MORE SERIOUS OFFENSE, BEING PUNISHABLE BY A MAXIMUM PENALTY OF DEATH."

JUDGE GOODMAN RULED THAT BAIL REMAIN UNCHANGED.

THE MAXIMUM SENTENCE ON CONVICTION OF SEDITION IS 20 YEARS AND A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN \$10,000.

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